


GRAMMAR & EXAM BUSTER

Grammar Buster


Unit 1 p. 6

- 1 1 I, 2 they, 3 she, 4 we, 5 he, 6 it, 7 you
- 2 1 he, 2 it, 3 they, 4 they, 5 we, 6 he, 7 she, 8 it
- 3 1 He, 2 She, 3 He, 4 It, 5 They, 6 We, 7 We, 8 They
- 4 *Open answers*

Unit 2 p. 7

- 1 1 are, 2 is, 3 am, 4 are, 5 are, 6 are, 7 are
- 2 1 is, 2 is, 3 are, 4 am, 5 am, 6 are, 7, am, 8 are, 9 is, 10 is, 11 is, 12 is
- 3  1
 1 Miss Powell is a reporter.
 2 Victoria and Owen are from New York.
 3 José and Manuel aren't friends.
 4 The weather is beautiful today.
 5 She is my sister.
 6 Mr and Mrs Bailey are lawyers.
 7 The chairs are in the classroom.
 8 The books are heavy.
- 4 1 is, 2 am, 3 are, 4 are, 5 is, 6 is, 7 am, 8 are, 9 is, 10 is, 11 are


Unit 3 p. 8

- 1 1 There are two ties in the shop window.
 2 There is a T-shirt.
 3 There are jeans./There is a pair of jeans.
 4 There are two umbrellas.
 5 There are three books.
 6 There are sandals./There is a pair of sandals.
 7 There are two skirts.
 8 There are two hats.
- 2 1 There are, 2 It's, 3 There is, 4 There are, 5 There is, 6 They're, 7 It's, 8 It's, 9 There is, 10 There are
- 3  2
 1 There's a fox in the park.
 2 There are two pairs of socks and a T-shirt on the floor.
 3 She's an excellent teacher and she's pretty too.
 4 There are several boys playing football outside.
 5 It's an adorable dog.
 6 There are many good restaurants in my town but they're all expensive.

- 7 She's my grandmother.
- 8 There's a great film on TV tonight.
- 9 There's a delicious cake in the kitchen.
- 10 He's my brother.
- 11 There's someone at the door.
- 12 Her name is Sarah. She's English.

- 4
 - 1 Are there many theatres in your town? Yes, there are. / No there aren't.
 - 2 Is there a DVD player in your bedroom? Yes, there is. / No there isn't.
 - 3 Are there many supermarkets in your town? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.
 - 4 Is there a computer in your house? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.
 - 5 Are there ten students in your English class? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.
 - 6 Is there an airport in your town? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.

Unit 4 p. 9


- 1  3
 - 1 Why are you going to bed? Because I am tired.
 - 2 Why are you eating? Because I'm hungry.
 - 3 Why is she going to bed? Because she is sleepy.
 - 4 Wash your hands! They are dirty!
 - 5 May I open the window? I'm hot.
 - 6 Madrid is in Argentina. No, you're wrong.
 - 7 My feet are always cold in winter.
 - 8 They are interested in history.
 - 9 We are happy because we passed our exam.
 - 10 He is thirsty because it is very hot outside.
 - 11 Helen is afraid of spiders.
 - 12 5 plus 5 is 10. Yes, you're right!

- 2
 - 1 Oliver is five years old.
 - 2 Linda is cold.
 - 3 David is hungry.
 - 4 Tessa is scared.
 - 5 James is a doctor.
 - 6 Tom is late.

- 3
 - 1 No, I'm sad.
 - 2 No, I'm hungry.
 - 3 No, I'm hot.
 - 4 No, he's right.
 - 5 No, they're clean.
 - 6 No, they're early.
 - 7 No, it's cheap.
 - 8 No, it's terrible.


Unit 5 p. 10

- 1
 - 1 flowers, 2 kisses, 3 offices, 4 apples, 5 tomatoes, 6 bus, 7 book, 8 kilo, 9 city, 10 wolf, 11 toys, 12 parties, 13 boxes, 14 wives, 15 sandwiches, 16 person, 17 potato, 18 foot, 19 dish, 20 day
- 2
 - 1 sheep, 2 fish, 3 teeth, 4 leaves, 5 people / girls, 6 Mice, 7 children, 8 feet

- 3  4
 1 shelves, 2 child, 3 toes, 4 knife, 5 churches, 6 women, 7 country, 8 man

Unit 6 p. 11

- 1
 1 It's five o'clock in the morning.
 2 It's twenty past three in the afternoon.
 3 It's quarter past eleven in the morning.
 4 It's thirty-five minutes past eleven at night./It's twenty-five to twelve at night.
 5 It's quarter past two in the morning.
 6 It's five to seven in the morning.
 7 It's quarter to nine in the evening.
 8 It's four o'clock in the afternoon.
 9 It's five past five in the afternoon.
 10 It's ten past four in the morning.

- 2  5
- 1 It's 2.20 p.m.
 2 It's 12.30 in the afternoon.
 3 It's quarter past five in the morning.
 4 It's ten past nine in the evening.
 5 It's eight o'clock in the morning.
 6 It's quarter to four in the afternoon.
 7 It's five to seven in the evening.
 8 It's twenty past ten in the morning.
 9 It's 3 p.m.
 10 It's five past nine in the morning.


- 1 It's 2.20 p.m., 2 It's 12.30 p.m., 3 It's 5.15 a.m., 4 It's 9.10 p.m., 5 It's 8.00 a.m.
 6 It's 3.45 p.m., 7 It's 6.55 p.m., 8 It's 10.20 a.m., 9 It's 3 p.m., 10 It's 9.05 a.m.


- 3 *Open answers*

Unit 7 p. 12

- 1 1 second, 2 tenth, 3 twenty-third, 4 sixteenth, 5 first, 6 thirty-third, 7 fourteenth, 8 fourth

- 2 1 first, 2 fourth, 3 third, 4 ninth, 5 sixteenth, twenty-first, 6 seventh

- 3  6
 1 tenth, 2 twenty-fifth, 3 forty-third, 4 sixth, 5 seventy-first, 6 eighteenth, 7 fiftieth,
 8 thirtieth

- 4  7
- 1 My date of birth is the sixteenth of July, nineteen eighty-nine.
 2 My birthday is on the third of May. I was born in two thousand.
 3 My sister's date of birth is the twenty-fifth of December, nineteen seventy-nine. Her birthday is on Christmas Day!
 4 My brother's birthday is on the twenty-sixth of February. He was born in two thousand and five.
 5 Mr friend's birthday is on the thirty-first of October. She was born in nineteen eighty-five.

6 My daughter's date of birth is the twenty-second of August, twenty twelve.
 7 My son's birthday is on the sixth of June. He was born in two thousand and nine.
 8 Mum's date of birth is 31 / 03 / 1960.

1 16/07/1989, 2 03/05/2000, 3 25/12/1979, 4 26/02/2005, 5 31/10/1985, 6 22/08/2012
 7 6/06/2009, 8 31/03/1960

5 *Sample answers:*

- 1 It's on the sixth of June.
- 2 It's on the twenty-fifth of December.
- 3 It's on the first of January.
- 4 It's on the fourteenth of February.
- 5 It's on the fifth of May.
- 6 It's on the fourth of July.

Unit 8 p. 13

1 1 His, 2 her, 3 your, 4 Their, 5 my, 6 Its, 7 our, 8 your

2  **8**

- 1 I wash my hands before dinner.
- 2 Mary has long hair and her eyes are blue.
- 3 I have a beautiful Siamese cat; its fur is beige and very soft.
- 4 British people love their pets very much!
- 5 We always park our car in the garage.
- 6 Tom and his sister Katy are twins.
- 7 Children! Where are your schoolbooks?
- 8 Here's my key! Where's your key, dad?

3 1 Her, 2 Our, 3 their, 4 his, 5 its, 6 your

4 1 A, 2 A, 3 C, 4 B, 5 C, 6 B, 7 B

Unit 9 p. 14

1 1 an, 2 a, 3 an, 4 a, 5 an, 6 an, 7 a, 8 a, 9 a, 10 an, 11 a, 12 an

- 2**
- 1 Jessica works in a library.
 - 2 My brother is a hairdresser.
 - 3 Andrew lives in an apartment in New York.
 - 4 Ben Stiller is an American actor.
 - 5 Have you got a sore throat?
 - 6 Lucy wants to learn a foreign language.

3 1 a, 2 X, 3 X, 4 the, 5 a, 6 an, 7 The, 8 X, 9 a, 10 an, the, X

- 4**
- 1 We stay in a hotel when we go on holiday.
 - 2 *correct*
 - 3 My grandparents' house has got two floors and an attic.
 - 4 Every Christmas me and my friends go ice-skating in town.
 - 5 *correct*
 - 6 'Let's watch a film tonight!' 'Great idea! A new Hunger Games film is on now.'

Unit 10 p. 15

1 1 e, 2 h, 3 f, 4 b, 5 d, 6 g, 7 c, 8 a

2  9

- 1 A **How** old are you?
B I'm 19.
- 2 A **Where** are you from?
B I'm from Bath.
- 3 A **How** tall are you?
B I'm 1 metre, 70.
- 4 A **What's** your name?
B My name's Audrey.
- 5 A **Where** is Paul?
B He's in the kitchen.
- 6 A **Who** is that man with the black hat?
B That's Simon.
- 7 A **How** are you?
B Fine, thanks.
- 8 A **What's** your job?
B I'm a vet.
- 9 A **When** is the party?
B It's tonight!
- 10 A **Why** is he sad?
B He's got a headache.
- 11 A **Who** are they?
B They're my cousins.
- 12 A **When** is dinner ready?
B In half an hour.

- 3 1 What's this?
2 What's your favourite colour?
3 Who are those boys?
4 How do you go to school?
5 How is your mother?
6 What time is the piano lesson?
7 How high is that mountain?
8 When is your birthday?
9 Where is your flat?
10 How old is your brother?
11 Why is she nervous?
12 Where is Jim?

Unit 11 p. 16

- 1 1 this, 2 those, 3 those, 4 that, 5 these, 6 that, 7 those, 8 that, 9 these, 10 this
- 2 1 this, 2 This, 3 these, 4 These, 5 this, 6 These, 7 This, 8 these, 9 this, 10 These
- 3 1 Those, 2 that, 3 that, 4 Those, 5 Those, 6 that, 7 Those, 8 That, 9 Those, 10 those
- 4 1 That is my house.
2 Do you like this dress?
3 How much are those cherries?

- 4 This is my sister.
 5 Are those girls in your class?
 6 These shoes cost £40.

Unit 12 p. 17

- 1 1 have got, 2 has got, 3 have got, 4 has got, 5 have got, 6 have got

2  10

- 1 A Have you got a new bike?
 B Yes, I have.
 2 I haven't got a red coat. I've got a blue one.
 3 A Has Susan got curly hair?
 B No, she hasn't.
 4 Those children have got three pets.
 5 A Has Eric got a fast car?
 B No, he hasn't. He's got a motorbike.
 6 A Have you got dark hair?
 B No, I haven't. I've got ginger hair.
 7 A What have you got in your rucksack?
 B I've got my keys, CDs and school books.
 8 My little brother has got a stomach ache.

1 c, 2 b, 3 a, 4 c, 5 b, 6 b, 7 b, 8 c

- 3 1 Have Emily and I got two brothers?
 2 Has Daniel got blond hair and blue eyes?
 3 Have my neighbours got a big dog?
 4 Has Thomas got a toothache?
 5 Has Sarah got a big car / a bicycle?
 6 Hasn't Tom got a ticket to go to the concert?
 7 Have I / you got a new DVD player?
 8 Haven't we / you got a TV?

Unit 13 p. 18

- 1 1 Have a party!
 2 Have a cup of tea.
 3 Have a baby.
 4 Have a maths lesson.
 5 Have a rest.
 6 Have an accident.

2  11

- 1 A I'm really tired.
 B Have a rest.
 2 A Shall we have a snack?
 B No, I'm not hungry.
 3 A Our flight leaves at 10.00 a.m. We're very excited.
 B Have a good journey!
 4 A I am so dirty!
 B Have a shower!
 5 A I'm really thirsty.
 B Have a drink!

- 6 A There's a party at Sally's house tonight.
B Have fun!

- 3 1 have a party, 2 have dinner, 3 have breakfast, 4 have a game, 5 has a swim, 6 have piano lessons

Unit 14 p. 19

- 1 1 It's Tina's book.
2 They're Jeff's trainers.
3 It's Charles's laptop. / It's Charles' laptop.
4 They're Mary's CDs.
5 It's Anna and Rob's puppy.
6 It's the girls' bedroom.
7 It's my sister's house.
8 It's my parents' suitcase.
- 2 1 Mavis is Fred's wife.
2 Fred is Daisy, Jack and Christina's father.
3 Daisy, Jack and Christina are Fred and Mavis's children.
4 Jack is Louise's husband.
5 Emily is Christina and Paul's daughter.
6 Louise is Emily's aunt.
7 Emily is Ben, Robert and Polly's cousin.
8 Ben, Robert, Polly and Emily are Fred and Mavis's grandchildren.
- 3 1 The Smiths' daughter lives in Paris.
2 What's Andrew's job?
3 Are these the children's toys?
4 I love your sister's clothes.
5 It's my best friend's birthday tomorrow.
6 That is my neighbours' cat.

Unit 15 p. 20

- 1 1 on, 2 in, 3 at, 4 on, 5 at, 6 in, 7 on, 8 at
- 2 1 under, 2 behind, 3 next to, 4 above, 5 opposite, next to, 6 in front of, 7 near, 8 between

- 3  12

- 1 There is a dog on the armchair.
2 There is a vase with flowers on the table.
3 The table is in front of the sofa.
4 The remote control is under the table.
5 The lamp is next to the sofa.
6 There is a painting on the wall.
7 There is a cat behind the armchair.
8 The fireplace is next to the TV.

1 on, 2 on, 3 in front of, 4 under, 5 next to, 6 on, 7 behind, 8 next to

- 4 1 'Where's your bike?' 'It's in the garden.'
2 I've got lots of posters on my bedroom wall.
3 I love sitting in front of the TV watching my favourite programmes!

- 4 In our road, house number 23 is between number 21 and 25, but opposite 24.
 5 'Is there a terrace in front of your house?' 'No, but there's a cellar under it.'
 6 'Where were you yesterday afternoon?' 'I was at the dentist.'

- 5
 1 The bus stops opposite my house.
 2 Are those your shoes under the table?
 3 Does your/the dog sleep on your/the bed?
 4 I don't live near my school.
 5 In class I usually sit next to my best friend.
 6 Don't stand in front of the TV!
- 6
 1 On your finger. 2 At work. 3 At the gym. 4 Above the text. 5 Near/Behind each other.
 6 Between my finger and my thumb.
- 7 *Open answers*

Unit 16 pp. 22-23

- 1
 Singular countable: tree, toy, table, flower, photo
 Plural countable: children, mountains, knives, CDs
 Uncountable: news, music, homework, petrol, snow, love
- 2
 1 some, 2 a, 3 any, 4 some, 5 an, 6 any
- 3
 1 d, 2 f, 3 b, 4 a, 5 e, 6 c
- 4
Sample answers:
 1 'Is there any tea in the teapot?' 'Yes, there is some.'
 2 'Are there any students in the library?' 'No, there aren't any.'
 3 'Is there any meat?' 'Yes, there is some.'
 4 'Are there any socks in the drawer?' 'Yes, there are some.'
 5 'Are there any peaches in the bowl?' 'No, there aren't any.'
 6 'Is there any bread?' 'No, there isn't any.'
 7 'Is there any soup in the saucepan?' 'No, there isn't any.'
 8 'Are there any children in the park?' 'Yes, there are some.'
- 5
 1 I haven't got any books. / Have I got any books?
 2 You haven't got any sandwiches. / Have you got any sandwiches?
 3 There isn't any information. / Is there any information?
 4 I haven't got any emails to send. / Have I got any emails to send?
 5 There isn't any milk in the fridge. / Is there any milk in the fridge?
 6 The butcher hasn't got any meat. / Has the butcher got any meat?
 7 We haven't got any time to waste. / Have we got any time to waste?
 8 There aren't any apples on the tree. / Are there any apples on the tree?

6  13

- Tom** So how do you make pancakes?
Sarah Well, first you break two eggs in a bowl.
 Then in another bowl you mix two cups of flour and a teaspoon of salt.
Tom OK, that's easy.
Sarah Then you add the eggs to the flour and mix everything together.
Tom Do you need any sugar?

- Sarah** No, you don't need any sugar at the moment. Now, add some milk to the mixture and whisk everything together. Next, melt some butter in a pan and then pour a tablespoon of mixture in the pan and cook for two minutes until the pancakes are golden brown.
- Tom** Then my favourite bit! We can put some sugar on the pancakes.
- Sarah** Have you got any lemon juice? I love lemon and sugar on pancakes!

1 two, 2 two, 3 a, 4 any, 5 any, 6 some, 7 some, 8 a, 9 two, 10 some, 11 any

Unit 17 p. 24

1 14

- 1 How many CDs have you got?
- 2 How many classrooms are there in your school?
- 3 How much coffee do you drink per day?
- 4 How many appointments have you got today?
- 5 How much sugar do you want?
- 6 How much time is there?

- 2
 - 1 How much homework has your sister got?
 - 2 How much money have you got?
 - 3 How much cheese is in the fridge?
 - 4 How many DVDs have you got?
 - 5 How much furniture have you got in your house?
 - 6 How much traffic is there on the road?
 - 7 How many rooms are there in your house?
 - 8 How many friends has your sister got?

- 3
 - 1 'How many days are there in a week?' 'Seven.'
 - 2 'How many milk teeth have children got?' 'Twenty.'
 - 3 'How much blood is there in a person's body?' 'About five / six litres.'
 - 4 'How many cents are there in a euro?' 'One hundred.'
 - 5 'How many states are there in the USA?' 'Fifty.'
 - 6 'How much water do we need to drink every day?' 'About one / two litres.'

Unit 18 p. 25

- 1 1 a lot of, 2 many, 3 lots of, 4 many, 5 a lot of, 6 much
- 2 1 many, 2 much, 3 many, 4 many, 5 much, 6 many
- 3 1 much, 2 a lot of, 3 a lot of, 4 a lot of, 5 much, 6 a lot of, 7 many, 8 a lot of, 9 a lot of

Unit 19 pp. 26-27

- 1 1 leaves, 2 eat, 3 drinks, 4 lives, 5 plays, 6 speaks, 7 goes, 8 watch, 9 boils, 10 studies, 11 finishes, 12 tidies
- 2
 - 1 drink – Amy and Shaun don't drink orange juice for breakfast.
 - 2 catch – We don't catch the bus in front of our house.
 - 3 studies – He doesn't study Latin at school.
 - 4 buys – She doesn't buy a magazine every Saturday.
 - 5 live – Mr and Mrs Dermott don't live in a beautiful house.
 - 6 goes – My neighbour doesn't go on holiday three times a year.

- 3
- 1 Louise and Pete like Chinese food. Ann doesn't like Chinese food.
 - 2 Louise and Pete don't watch football on TV. Ann watches football on TV.
 - 3 Louise and Pete play badminton. Ann doesn't play badminton.
 - 4 Louise and Pete eat lots of ice cream. Ann doesn't eat lots of ice cream.
 - 5 Louise and Pete don't go abroad in the summer. Ann goes abroad in the summer.
 - 6 Louise and Pete study at weekends. Ann doesn't study at weekends.

4  15

Jack is fifteen years old. He goes to St. Mary's Secondary School in Edinburgh, Scotland. During the week he gets up at 7.30 in the morning. His mum prepares breakfast. He has toast and tea. At 8.30 Jack takes the bus to school. School starts at ten past nine. At break-time, Jack and his friends usually play rugby outside. At lunchtime, Jack eats in the school canteen. There is a different menu every day. On Fridays, Jack has an art lesson. He loves drawing and painting! The school bell rings at 3.30 p.m. After school, Jack does his homework and sometimes plays with his friends.

1T, 2F, 3F, 4T, 5F, 6T, 7F, 8F

5 *Open answers*

- 6
- 1 Does he ever play tennis?
 - 2 He always eats roast chicken on Sundays.
 - 3 My aunt often drinks coffee.
 - 4 He doesn't always get up early on Saturdays.
 - 5 Do you usually eat lunch at school?
 - 6 It rarely snows in winter.
 - 7 Susan hardly ever eats meat.
 - 8 The teacher is always right.

7 *Open answers*

- 8
- 1 Tom often goes windsurfing, but Lily and Paul never go windsurfing.
 - 2 Tom sometimes walks to school, but Lily and Paul hardly ever walk to school.
 - 3 Tom often goes to concerts, but Lily and Paul never go to concerts.
 - 4 Tom always goes out with friends, but Lily and Paul usually go out with friends.
 - 5 Tom hardly ever goes to the cinema, but Lily and Paul sometimes go to the cinema.
 - 6 Tom always uses the Internet, but Lily and Paul hardly ever use the Internet.

Unit 20 pp. 28-29

- 1 1 f, 2 d, 3 a, 4 g, 5 c, 6 b, 7 e

- 2 1 So was I, 2 So do I, 3 So did I, 4 So am I, 5 So do I, 6 So am I, 7 So, can I, 8 So, do I.

- 3 (NB: Neither/Nor are interchangeable. Students' answers may vary.)

1 Nor can I. 2 Nor would I. 3 Neither was I. 4 Nor can I. 5 Neither are we. 6 Neither should we. 7 Neither will we. 8 Nor am I. 9 Neither do I. 10 Nor did I.

4  16

- 1 Megan must work harder.
- 2 We always ask that question.
- 3 They never do any homework in class.
- 4 He feels ill.
- 5 He's going to the mountains this weekend.
- 6 I've been to Japan.

7 She wasn't here yesterday.

8 We shouldn't talk so loudly.

1 a, 2 a, 3 b, 4 a, 5 a, 6 b, 7 b, 8 a

5 1 So do I. / I don't. 2 Neither do I. / I do. 3 So am I. / I'm not. 4 So will I. / I won't. 5 Neither should I. / I should. 6 Nor do I. / I do. 7 So would I. / I wouldn't. 8 So am I. / I'm not. 9 So can I. / I can't. 10 Nor did I. / I did. 11 So did I. / I didn't. 12 Neither have I. / I have.

6 1 I'm not. 2 So would I. 3 Neither do I. 4 So have I. 5 I didn't. 6 Neither can I.

7 *Sample answers:*

1 So am I. 2 Neither do I! 3 I don't like it. 4 So do I.

8 *Open answers*

Unit 21 p. 30

1 1 on, 2 at, 3 in, 4 in, 5 on, 6 at, 7 in, 8 on, 9 at, 10 in, 11, at, 12, on

2 1 on, 2 at, 3 at, 4 in, 5 on, 6 in, 7 on, 8 at

3 1 at, 2 in, 3 at, 4 in, 5 on, 6 at, 7 at, 8 on, 9 at, 10 on

Unit 22 p. 31

1 1 us, 2 She, 3 them, 4 her, 5 I, 6 him, 7 me, 8 her

2 1 he, 2 They, 3 her

3 1 She knows her.
2 He studies with them.
3 He plays basketball with them.
4 She eats them for lunch.
5 They live near it.
6 We see you every day.
7 I can't see them.
8 Do you know him?
9 She is in Madrid this week.
10 We love it!

4 1 They don't like them.
2 He plays with them.
3 Pass it to her, please.
4 Does he argue with her?
5 She has a present for you.
6 They are for us.
7 She reads them a story every night.
8 We take it for a walk every day.

Unit 23 p. 32

1  17

Mr Lucas Good morning, Karen.

Karen	Good morning, Mr Lucas.
Mr Lucas	Now, let me see. Can you drive?
Karen	No, I can't, but I can ride a motorbike.
Mr Lucas	Right. And can you speak any foreign languages?
Karen	Yes, I can speak Spanish, French, German and Chinese.
Mr Lucas	Excellent! Can you use a computer?
Karen	Yes, I can, but I can't type fast.
Mr Lucas	OK, perfect. Can you tell me about your interests, please?
Karen	Yes, of course. I play lots of sports and I travel a lot.
Mr Lucas	Well, can I ask you another question?
Karen	Yes, go ahead.
Mr Lucas	Can you start work tomorrow? The job is yours!

1 can, 2 can't, 3 can, 4 can, 5 can, 6 Can, 7 can, 8 can't, 9 Can, 10 can, 11 Can

- 2
- 1 He can bake a cake, but he can't swim.
 - 2 Yes, they can swim.
 - 3 No, he can't speak Japanese.
 - 4 Yes, they can play an instrument.
 - 5 No, he can't ski.
 - 6 No, they can't repair a car.
 - 7 Yes, he can.
- 3 *Open answers*
- 4
- 1 'Can Jill ride a bike?' 'No, she can't.'
 - 2 'Can babies walk?' 'No, they can't.'
 - 3 'Can Nick whistle?' 'Yes, he can.'
 - 4 'Can your sister play hockey?' 'Yes, she can.'
 - 5 'Can Amy type fast?' 'No, she can't.'
 - 6 'Can Lisa and Joe speak Russian?' 'Yes, they can.'

Unit 24 p. 33

- 1 1 Turn right. 2 Do not dive. 3 Don't pick flowers. 4 Drive slowly. 5 Do not feed the animals.
- 2
- 1 Don't write a letter.
 - 2 Don't open the window.
 - 3 Don't sit down.
 - 4 Don't put on our shoes.
- 3 1 d, 2 c, 3 a, 4 e, 5 f, 6 b
- 4 1 Come, 2 Don't forget, 3 turn, 4 Take, 5 Be, 6 Bring, 7 call, 8 Open, 9 have, 10 don't touch

Unit 25 p. 34

- 1 1 playing, 2 doing, 3 studying, 4 visiting, 5 cycling, 6 taking, 7 sewing, 8 walking
- 2 *Sample answers:*
- 1 Max loves playing cards.
 - 2 Max enjoys going to the cinema.
 - 3 Emma and Phil hate playing computer games.

- 4 Emma and Phil enjoy travelling by plane.
- 5 Max dislikes ironing clothes.
- 6 Max can't stand taking exams.
- 7 Emma and Phil love visiting monuments.
- 8 Emma and Phil don't mind working late.

3 1 dancing, 2 to go, 3 to do, 4 to study, 5 getting up, 6 to ask

4 *Open answers*

Unit 26 pp. 35-36

1 1 studying, 2 putting, 3 taking, 4 seeing, 5 opening, 6 going, 7 smiling, 8 washing, 9 living, 10 moving, 11 cutting, 12 getting, 13 dying, 14 enjoying, 15 writing, 16 starting, 17 hitting, 18 shopping

2 1 are playing, 2 isn't sitting, 3 is enjoying, 4 isn't raining, 5 are walking, 6 is catching, 7 is cooking, 8 isn't doing

- 3
- 1 Is it snowing?
 - 2 Is Sally watching TV?
 - 3 Is Chris riding his bike?
 - 4 Are Holly and Adam eating dinner now?
 - 5 Am I writing an email to my sister?
 - 6 Is the sun shining?
 - 7 Are they meeting at the cinema tonight?
 - 8 Are we reading the newspaper?

4  18

Matilda	Hi Mum... yes, everything is fine. Henry is watching TV in his bedroom and I'm sitting in the kitchen. I'm reading a magazine. What about you and Dad? Are you enjoying yourselves?
Mum	Yes, the restaurant is very nice. We are eating steak and chips. What is Anna doing? Is she doing her homework?
Matilda	No, she isn't doing her homework. She's practising the piano.
Mum	OK, that's fine.
Matilda	Mum, I've got to go! Henry is playing football in the living room! He's breaking everything!
Mum	What!!! Oh no!

1 is watching, 2 I'm sitting, 3 I'm reading, 4 Are you enjoying, 5 are eating, 6 is Anna doing? 7 Is she doing, 8 isn't doing, 9 She's practising, 10 Henry is playing, 11 He's breaking

- 5
- 1 She's reading a magazine.
 - 2 Yes, they are having a nice time.
 - 3 She's practising the piano.
 - 4 He's playing football and breaking everything.

- 6
- 1 Jake is working in the garage.
 - 2 He's visiting his grandmother in Paris next week.
 - 3 Brenda isn't learning French this year.
 - 4 The world is getting warmer.
 - 5 What are the children doing?

6 My sister is travelling around Europe this month.

7 We are going on holiday in July.

8 I am writing letter to my friend.

7 1 She isn't drinking fruit juice. She's eating an ice cream.

2 He isn't listening to music. He's reading a newspaper.

3 It isn't chasing birds. It's eating a bone.

4 He isn't playing tennis. He's swimming.

5 He isn't eating dinner. He's studying maths.

6 He isn't sleeping. He's washing the car.

8 1 cooking, 2 are running, 3 is riding, 4 Is Grace playing, 5 are having, 6 is cutting,

7 are leaving, 8 am trying, 9 is wearing

Unit 27 p. 37

1 1 watches, 2 are eating, 3 am seeing, 4 moves, 5 is Paul studying, 6 is raining, 7 is coming,
8 are you watching, 9 plays, 10 do you do, 11 reads, 12 drink

2 1 goes, 2 are learning, 3 meet, 4 is helping 5 does, 6 are chatting, 7 are playing, 8 visits,
9 sing, 10 watch, 11 isn't raining, 12 wakes up

3 *Sample answers:*

1 Do you read a newspaper every day? No, I don't.

2 Are you having lunch at the moment? Yes, I am.

3 Do you drink tea for breakfast every day? No, I don't.

4 Are you eating a sandwich now? No, I'm not.

5 Does it snow in winter in your country? Yes, it does.

6 Do you usually cycle to work? No. I don't.

4 1 are you working, 2 is staying, 3 you like, 4 prefer, 5 are you learning, 6 are having, 7 Are you
planning, 8 am going

Unit 28 p. 38

1 1 mine, 2 his, 3 hers, 4 theirs, 5 ours, 6 yours

2 1 mine, yours 2 her, mine 3 yours, 4 my, 5 their, their, 6 my, yours

3  19

Marsha's fifteen and lives in a big city. She's got a bright red moped and uses it every day to go to school. She also uses it at weekends when she goes out with her friends. Her favourite sports are tennis and volleyball.

Nick's a farmer and lives in the country. He gets up at five o'clock in the morning to feed the animals, and then works in the fields. He works hard seven days a week but likes to go out with his wife to the cinema and go dancing at weekends.

Caroline's a history teacher at Hathaway High School. She loves her job and enjoys teaching children. In her free time, she gives students drama lessons. At the moment they're rehearsing for a play called *Hamlet* by William Shakespeare. It's a difficult play but very interesting.

Sam's twenty-five years old and is a policeman. He lives and works in a small town in the UK. The people there are very friendly and his job isn't very stressful. He loves to go to football matches on Sundays and sometimes after work he rides his bike. He loves to travel and always visits places where he can relax. In his spare time he reads lots of books. His favourite are fantasy and adventure stories.

1 Caroline's, 2 Sam's, 3 Sam's, 4 Nick's, 5 Marsha's, 6 Marsha's, 7 Sam's, 8 Nick's,
9 Sam's, 10 Marsha's

- 4 1 'Whose red socks are these?' 'They are mine.'
2 'Whose book is this?' 'It's yours.'
3 'Whose medicine is this?' 'It's theirs.'
4 'Whose MP3 player is this?' 'It's hers.'
5 'Whose umbrella is this?' 'It's ours.'
6 'Whose digital camera is this?' 'It's mine.'
7 'Whose jeans are these?' 'They're his.'
8 'Whose parents are these?' 'They're yours.'

Unit 29 p. 39

1 20

- 1 This museum is very interesting.
2 A ladybird is a tiny insect.
3 My brother's got a pretty girlfriend.
4 I think Chinese is a difficult language.
5 This jacket is not expensive. It's only £20.
6 These trainers are very comfortable.
7 This is an easy exercise.
8 My sister has got long hair.

2 *Sample answers:*

- 1 'What's your mother like?' 'She's very kind.'
2 'What's that book like?' 'It's very interesting.'
3 'What's New York like?' 'It's busy and cosmopolitan.'
4 'What's your best friend like?' 'She's funny.'
5 'What's Italian food like?' 'It's delicious.'
6 'What's the new house like?' 'It's big and spacious.'

- 3 1 loudly, 2 interestingly, 3 nicely, 4 completely, 5 happily, 6 quietly, 7 angrily, 8 kindly,
9 magically, 10 beautifully

- 4 1 slowly, 2 perfectly, 3 well, 4 badly, 5 carelessly, 6 healthily

Unit 30 pp. 40-41

- 1 1 were, 2 were, 3 were, 4 was, 5 was, 6 was, 7 were, 8 was

- 2 1 I was very busy yesterday.
2 William was eleven years old last year.
3 We were on holiday in the mountains last summer.
4 You were at the party last night.
5 The maths homework was easy on Monday.
6 They were in London for work two years ago.

- 3 1 weren't, 2 was, wasn't, 3 was, were, 4 was, 5 Were, 6 were

- 4 1 She wasn't a good student. / Was she a good student?
2 Terry wasn't in France. / Was Terry in France?
3 We weren't on our bikes. / Were we on our bikes?
4 You weren't early. / Were you early?

5 Kate and Mike weren't on holiday. / Were Kate and Mike on holiday?

6 I wasn't at home last night. / Was I at home last night?

5



1 A Was the party at nine?

B No, it wasn't. It was at 8.30.

2 A Was it Chris's birthday last Saturday?

B Yes, he was ten.

3 A Jack and Mary, were you at home last night?

B No, we weren't. There was a concert at school.

4 A Why weren't you at work?

B Because I was sick!

5 A Where were Paul and Annie yesterday?

B They were at the gym doing exercises.

6 A Joe, were you on holiday last week?

B Yes, I was. I was in France.

1 b, 2 a, 3 a, 4 b, 5 b, 6 b

6

1-c 'Why were you late this morning?' 'There was a lot of traffic.'

2-e 'Was your English exam easy?' 'No, it was difficult.'

3-a 'How much was your new Smartphone?' 'It was ninety pounds.'

4-b 'Was the film good?' 'Yes, it was really funny.'

5-d 'Where were you yesterday morning?' 'I was at home.'

7

1 was, 2 wasn't, 3 were, 4 were, 5 wasn't, 6 were, 7 wasn't, 8 were, 9 Was, 10 was, 11 was, 12 weren't

Unit 31 pp. 42-45

1



1 talked, 2 arrived, 3 passed, 4 watched, 5 visited, 6 cleaned, 7 hated, 8 slipped, 9 ended, 10 hurried, 11 controlled, 12 stayed, 13 opened, 14 answered, 15 developed, 16 jumped

2

1 arrived, 2 snowed, 3 played, 4 laughed, 5 walked, 6 organised, 7 cooked, 8 listened

3



1 bought, 2 did, 3 took, 4 had, 5 brought, 6 came, 7 went, 8 got up, 9 told, 10 put, 11 ate, 12 drank, 13 wrote, 14 made, 15 read, 16 gave

4

1 taught, 2 took, 3 ate, 4 wrote, 5 got up, 6 went, 7 did, 8 flew

5

1 She didn't understand the grammar rule. / Did she understand the grammar rule?

2 Jessica didn't get up early yesterday morning. / Did Jessica get up early yesterday morning?

3 My mother didn't make cupcakes yesterday. / Did my mother make cupcakes yesterday?

4 I didn't go to Sydney and I didn't see the Opera House. / Did you go to Sydney and see the Opera House?

5 Oliver didn't read an interesting book at school. / Did Oliver read an interesting book at school?

6 Rachel and Jim didn't give their mum a present. / Did Rachel and Jim give their mum a present?

6  24

- 1 A Did you speak to Paul?
B No, I didn't, but I spoke to his sister.
- 2 A Where did you find my wallet?
B I found it behind the bookcase.
- 3 A Did he take you to school by car?
B Yes, he did. He drove me in his new Ferrari!
- 4 A How much did you pay for your new computer?
B I paid £350 for it.
- 5 A Did you go to the theatre last night?
B Yes, I went with Olivia.
- 6 A What did you buy yesterday?
B I bought a new pair of ~~trainers~~. jeans

1 spoke, 2 found, 3 drove, 4 paid, 5 went, 6 bought

7 1 got up, 2 listened, 3 was, 4 decided, 5 had, 6 ate, 7 drank, 8 chatted, 9 wanted, 10 didn't want, 11 bought, 12 didn't queue

8 1 'Who wrote Romeo and Juliet?' 'Shakespeare wrote it.'
2 'What time did Joe come home last night?' 'He came home at midnight.'
3 'What did the burglar steal last night?' 'He stole my laptop and money.'
4 'When did you win that trophy?' 'I won it in 2002.'
5 'Did Danny go to the cinema last Saturday?' 'No, he went to the park.'
6 'Where did Katie and William get married?' 'They got married in Oxford.'

9 1 a, 2 b, 3 a, 4 b, 5 c, 6 b, 7 c, 8 a, 9 b, 10 c

10 *Sample answers:*

- 1 Did you have a pet?
2 Where did you go to school?
3 Did you have lots of friends?
4 What was your favourite subject at school?
5 Did you travel to many countries when you were a child?
6 Did you eat sweets?

11 *Open answers*

12 1 bought, 2 didn't like, 3 had, 4 did she do, 5 didn't rain, 6 went, 7 drank, 8 studied

13 1 was, 2 lived, 3 had, 4 wasn't, 5 wanted, 6 decided, 7 went, 8 saw, 9 took, 10 knew, 11 looked, 12 wasn't


14 *Sample answers:*

- 1 Where did she live?
2 Why wasn't she happy?
3 What did she decide / want to do?
4 Where did she go?
5 Who saw her?
6 What did she do the next day?

Unit 32 pp. 46-47

- 1 1 He was having breakfast. 2 He was cleaning his flat. 3 He was searching online. 4 He was having lunch. 5 He was taking a nap. 6 He was preparing to go out. 7 He was walking to his friend's house. 8 He was having dinner.
- 2 1 'Were the boys playing football?' 'No, they weren't.' 'What were they doing?' 'They were playing golf.'
2 'Was Mr Brown teaching?' 'No, he wasn't.' 'What was he doing?' 'He was taking a break.'
3 'Was she waiting for the bus?' 'No, she wasn't.' 'What was she doing?' 'She was waiting for a taxi.'
4 'Was Tess singing?' 'No, she wasn't.' 'What was she doing?' 'She was listening to music.'
5 'Was your mum working?' 'No, she wasn't.' 'What was she doing?' 'She was visiting a friend.'
6 'Were they having breakfast?' 'No, they weren't.' 'What were they doing?' 'They were sleeping.'
- 3 1 were dancing, broke, stole, 2 was getting, started, fell, 3 did you damage, was running, were driving, didn't look, were going, 4 heard, went, opened, didn't recognise, wasn't wearing, 5 looked, saw, was planting, was, 6 was opening, blew
- 4 1-c She did her homework while she was listening to her favourite music on the Internet.
2-d John broke his leg while he was skiing.
3-g I had an accident while I was going only 30 kph.
4-b We were looking through your books when we noticed you have many.
5-e Albert cut himself while he was shaving.
6-h I was wondering what to do next, when the phone rang.
7-f They were sitting in the garden, when it started to rain.
8-a Two men were fighting in the street, when I called for help.
- 5 1 John had an accident while he was crossing the road.
2 When we arrived at the stadium, our friends were waiting for us.
3 The phone rang while I was having a bath.
4 He worked on his thesis until 1 a.m., when he fell asleep.
5 When the music stopped, someone put on another song.
6 Yesterday the children stayed at home while they were studying for their exams.
7 Mark and Lina broke a window while they were playing tennis.
- 6 1 What were you doing at 7.30 p.m. last Wednesday?
2 What were you doing at 10.30 a.m. yesterday?
3 What were you doing at 3 a.m. this morning?
4 What were you doing at 4 p.m. two days ago?
5 What were you doing at 8 a.m. last Friday?
6 What were you doing at 9.30 p.m. yesterday?
Open answers

Unit 33 pp. 48-49

- 1 1 colder, the coldest, 2 more intelligent, the most intelligent, 3 higher, the highest, 4 luckier, the luckiest, 5 more dangerous, the most dangerous, 6 more quietly, the most quietly, 7 faster, the fastest, 8 earlier, the earliest
- 2 1 shorter, 2 harder, 3 worse, 4 better, 5 less, 6 warmer, 7 bigger, 8 more expensive
- 3  25
1 This jumper is prettier than the blue one.

- 2 Greece is smaller than Australia.
- 3 Indian food is spicier than Italian food.
- 4 My English teacher is nicer than my History teacher.
- 5 Elephants are bigger than mice.
- 6 My mother's cooking is better than mine.

4 1 the longest, 2 the best, 3 the shortest, 4 the most intelligent, 5 the funniest, 6 the busiest, 7 the worst, 8 the prettiest

- 5 1 Joe drives more dangerously than his wife.
- 2 Anita talks more slowly than Richard.
- 3 Liam speaks Spanish more fluently than the other students.
- 4 Yesterday I worked harder than you.
- 5 He ran faster than the other athletes.
- 6 Andy plays tennis better than Pete.

6  26

Patricia heard a thump. Then she heard a thump that was louder than the first. The next thump was the loudest of all. She got out of bed and walked down the corridor, taking the quietest steps she could. There were scary shadows everywhere, but the one behind her was the scariest. 'This is spookier than a haunted house', she thought. A spooky shadow followed her. It was taller than she was. When it followed her downstairs, Patricia screamed: 'You don't scare me!' Suddenly Patricia began to laugh. There wasn't a ghost in the house. The shadow was her own!

1 louder, 2 the loudest, 3 the quietest, 4 the scariest, 5 spookier, 6 taller

7 1 the most romantic, 2 quieter, 3 the warmest, 4 the most popular, 5 more exciting, 6 the best

8 1 better, 2 the most, 3 the nicest, 4 the best, 5 the most, 6 the most

9 *Open answers*

Unit 34 pp. 50-51

- 1 1 I'm going / I'm not going to go to school.
- 2 I'm going to do / I'm not going to do my school project.
- 3 I'm going to play / I'm not going to play basketball.
- 4 I'm going to visit / I'm not going to visit my cousins.
- 5 I'm going to go / I'm not going to go on a social networking website.
- 6 I'm going to help / I'm not going to help do the housework.
- 7 I'm going to listen / I'm not going to listen to music online.
- 8 I'm going to visit / I'm not going to visit a museum.
- 9 I'm going to read / I'm not going to read a magazine.
- 10 I'm going to ride / I'm not going to ride my bike.
- 11 I'm going to call / I'm not going to call my friend on my mobile.
- 12 I'm going to buy / I'm not going to buy a present for a friend.

2 *Answers may vary:*

- 1 'What are you going to have for lunch today?' 'I'm going to have sandwiches.'
- 2 'Where are you going to live after your diploma?' 'I'm going to live in Oxford.'
- 3 'Where are you going to go tonight?' 'I'm going to go to a French restaurant.'
- 4 'What are you going to do when you get home?' 'I'm going to have dinner.'
- 5 'What are you going to study at college?' 'I'm going to study architecture.'
- 6 'When are you going to go to the beach?' 'I'm going to go to the beach this weekend.'

- 3
- 1 What time are you going to call?
 - 2 When is he going to catch the train?
 - 3 Who are they going to invite?
 - 4 Where are you going to spend the weekend?
 - 5 What are you going to listen to?
 - 6 What is he going to do now?
 - 7 Who is she going to visit?
 - 8 What time are your lessons going to start?
 - 9 What are you going to have?
 - 10 Where is she going to meet them?
 - 11 What is she going to buy?
 - 12 Where are they going to spend their honeymoon?

4  27

- 1 She's going to cut her hair.
- 2 He's going to take the dog for a walk.
- 3 They're going to have a lesson.
- 4 It's going to rain.
- 5 They're going to ride their bikes.
- 6 He's going to travel by plane.

5 *Open answers*

Unit 35 p. 52

- 1 1 d, 2 c, 3 e, 4 a, 5 f, 6 b

- 2
- 1 What shall we buy for Joe's birthday?
 - 2 Shall we go out this afternoon?
 - 3 What time shall we meet Bethany?
 - 4 Shall we have a game of tennis?
 - 5 Where shall we meet Alice?
 - 6 How many apples shall we buy?
 - 7 What dress shall I wear to the party?
 - 8 Shall we have lunch together?

3  28

- 1 A It's very warm in this room.
B Shall I open the window?
- 2 A Let's have a party.
B Good idea. Who shall we invite?
- 3 A I'm really hungry.
B Shall I make you a snack?
- 4 A Shall we go out tomorrow evening?
B Yes, let's meet Alex and Olivia at the new pizza restaurant in town.
- 5 A Shall we buy Chris a birthday present?
B Yes, of course! What shall we buy him?
- 6 A Let's play tennis.
B Oh, we always play tennis. Let's do something else.

4 *Sample answers:*

- 1 Shall I carry your bag?
- 2 Let's go to the park.

- 3 Shall we have a party next week?
- 4 Shall I get you a glass of water?
- 5 Where shall we go?
- 6 Shall I get you an aspirin?

Unit 36 pp. 53-54

- 1
 - 1 Let's go to the theatre tonight!
 - 2 How about going out for a meal at the weekend?
 - 3 Would you like to go swimming this afternoon?
 - 4 Why don't we listen to some music?
 - 5 What would you like to do over the summer holidays?
 - 6 Shall we order a pizza for dinner this evening?

- 2 *Answers may vary*
 - 1 Let's go to the cinema.
 - 2 Let's go on holiday.
 - 3 Why don't we go shopping?
 - 4 Let's have a coffee.
 - 5 Why don't we go swimming?
 - 6 Let's go to a concert.
 - 7 Let's watch a football match.
 - 8 How about going camping?

- 3 *Open answers*

- 4  29

- 1 Would you like to go to the cinema?
- 2 Let's have a picnic. It's a beautiful day.
- 3 What would you like to do at the weekend?
- 4 How about we go for coffee?
- 5 Why don't we go to the beach?
- 6 How would you like your steak cooked?

1 b, 2 a, 3 a, 4 a, 5 b, 6 b

- 5
 - 1 She likes Coldplay.
 - 2 He likes cooking.
 - 3 I would like to buy a new car.
 - 4 She would like to buy a big house.
 - 5 My children like animals.
 - 6 I would like to watch it?
 - 7 He likes music.
 - 8 I would like to stay at home.
 - 9 They like winter holidays.
 - 10 Lucy would like to try Japanese food at the new restaurant in town.

- 6 *Answers may vary*
 - 1 'Would you like to watch a sci-fi film?' 'Yes, I'd love to.'
 - 2 'Would you like to order a takeaway?' 'Yes, that's a good idea.'
 - 3 'Would you like to listen to music?' 'Yes, OK.'
 - 4 'Would you like to go shopping with me next Saturday?' 'Yes, I'd love to.'
 - 5 'Would you like to try my new car?' 'Yes, all right.'
 - 6 'Would you like to go ice skating this afternoon?' 'Yes, that's a great idea.'

7  30

Janet Hello.
Laura Hi, Janet. It's Laura. How are you?
Janet Fine, thanks.
Laura Are you busy on Tuesday afternoon?
Janet Mmm... Well, I usually do my homework. Why?
Laura Would you like to come shopping with me?
Janet What do you want to buy?
Laura I'd like a new winter coat.
Janet Where do you want to go?
Laura I was thinking of going to the town centre
Janet OK. I'd love to come.
Laura Great!
Janet What time do you think we'll be back?
Laura I'm not sure. Maybe around six.
Janet OK. I'll study when I get home then.
Laura See you at school tomorrow.
Janet Bye.

8  31

Alice Hello.
Jason Hi, Alice. It's Jason.
Alice Hi, Jason. How are you?
Jason Fine, thanks. Have you got any plans for Friday?
Alice No, I haven't. Why?
Jason I've got two tickets for that new West End show, *Bright Lights*.
 Would you like to come with me?
Alice Wow! How did you get the tickets?
Jason I waited in line for four hours!
Alice Where shall we meet?
Jason Let's meet in front of the art gallery at 3 o'clock.
Alice OK. After the show we can get something to eat.
Jason That's a good idea! Do you like pizza?
Alice Yes, I love it. It's my favourite food. I'll see you on Friday.
Jason Bye!
Alice See you!

Unit 37 p. 55

- 1 1 some, any, 2 any, 3 some, 4 some, 5 every, 6 Every, 7 any, 8 some, 9 no, 10 every
- 2 1 The woman doesn't have any sugar.
 2 There are some animals in the field.
 3 There is some furniture in the van.
 4 There isn't any traffic on the road.
 5 There are some peaches in the bowl.
 6 There are some magazines on the shelf.
- 3 1 any, some, 2 some, 3 any, some, 4 no, 5 every, 6 any, some

Unit 38 pp. 56-57

- 1 1 d, 2 e, 3 b, 4 a, 5 c, 6 i, 7 k, 8 f, 9 h, 10 g, 11 l, 12 j
- 2 1 anyone/anybody, 2 anywhere, 3 somebody/someone, 4 anything, 5 somewhere, 6 something, 7 somewhere, 8 anywhere, 9 somebody/someone, 10 somewhere, 11 anything, 12 somewhere, 13 Somebody/Someone, 14 anything, 15 anybody/anyone
- 3 1 Your room is a mess! Your things are everywhere.
2 Is there anything interesting on TV?
3 Nancy can't keep a secret. She told her friend everything I said.
4 Do you know anyone who can help me?
5 Marc took everybody for a ride in his new car.
6 What's wrong with Jake? Did something happen to him today?
- 4 1 We've got nothing in the fridge.
2 There was no one there when I arrived.
3 She went nowhere on holiday this year.
4 She has done nothing yet.
5 I have nowhere to go.
6 He was nobody important.
7 Did nobody see who stole the money?
8 Michelle goes nowhere without her mobile.
9 Is there nothing I can help you with?
10 I'm bored. I have nothing to do.
11 I think nobody wants my bike.
12 I read about nothing interesting happening this weekend.
- 5 1 No one, 2 anywhere, 3 no one, 4 no one/nobody, 5 anything, 6 something, 7 somewhere, 8 somebody, 9 somewhere, 10 anywhere, 11 No one/Nobody, 12 anything

6  32

It was a rainy, grey Saturday afternoon when **someone** knocked at my door. 'Who's there?' I asked. But **no one** answered. So I slowly opened the door to see if **somebody** was waiting. But there wasn't **anybody** in sight. Suddenly, I heard **something** make a noise. I looked down and saw a small, fluffy kitten stretching itself while it was looking up at me. 'It must be hungry, poor thing,' I thought. 'Let me get it **something** to eat.' And I went to the kitchen. When I came back five minutes later, the kitten wasn't there. 'It must be **somewhere**,' I thought, so I started looking for it. But I couldn't find it **anywhere**. It ran away.

7 *Open answers*

Unit 39 pp. 58-59

- 1 1 mustn't, 2 must, 3 mustn't, 4 must, 5 must, 6 mustn't, 7 mustn't, 8 must
- 2 1 I must wash them.
2 We must go to the supermarket.
3 I mustn't forget to phone Julie.
4 You must read it.
5 they mustn't eat too many sweets
6 You mustn't feed the animals at the zoo.
7 He mustn't open the window.
8 I must do my homework.

- 3 1 They don't have to wear a uniform.
2 She doesn't have to decide right now,
3 We mustn't eat in the classrooms.
4 You don't have to cut the grass.
5 He mustn't drive so fast.
6 She doesn't have to work!
- 4 1 had to stay, 2 had to go, 3 had to switch off, 4 must train, 5 had to go
- 5 1 have to, 2 don't have to, 3 have to, 4 have to, 5 mustn't, 6 mustn't, 7 don't have to, 8 have to
- 6 *Open answers*
- 7 1 mustn't, 2 had to, 3 have to, 4 mustn't, 5 have to, 6 mustn't, 7 don't have to, 8 don't have to

Unit 40 pp. 60-61

- 1 1 B, 2 A, 3 D, 4 C, 5 A, 6 B, 7 C, 8 E, 9 E, 10 D
- 2 1 Hannah will arrive at 6 o'clock this evening.
2 I won't watch TV until I finish my homework
3 Don't go near that dog. It will bite you.
4 I promise I will phone you tomorrow.
5 I will help you tidy the house.
6 Will you help me cook dinner?
7 Are you sure Graham will come to the party?
8 Paul thinks he will run his own business when he's older.
- 3 1 will be, 2 won't all have, 3 will become, will change, 4 will own, 5 won't travel, 6 won't discover
- 4 1 'Will Tom come with us to the theatre on Saturday night?' 'Yes, he will.'
2 'Will you buy a new MP3 player?' 'No, I won't.'
3 'Will it rain next week?' 'Yes, it will.'
4 'Will you and Emily have lunch at the new Indian restaurant?' 'Yes, we will.'
5 'Will Kim and Harry study Maths at university in September?' 'No, they won't.'
6 'Will I receive the package by courier?' 'Yes, you will.'
- 5 *Sample answers:*
1 I will go to university abroad.
2 I won't be on television.
3 I will travel the world.
4 I won't be famous.
5 I will learn another language.
6 I will donate some money to charity.

Unit 41 pp. 62-63

- 1 1-f If you open the window, you'll be cold.
2-d If you take a paracetamol, your headache will go away.
3-b If you leave your car unlocked, it'll get stolen.
4-c If you study really well for your test, you'll pass.
5-a If you go to bed early at night, you'll be rested to the following day.
6e If you stay in the sun too long, you'll get sunburnt.

- 2
- 1 If you don't give the children something to do, they'll get into trouble.
 - 2 If the sun doesn't shine, we won't go on a picnic.
 - 3 If she is busy, she won't come to the party.
 - 4 If they don't promise to keep a secret, he won't tell them.
 - 5 If he wants to see me, he will need to make an appointment.
 - 6 If you spill the milk, I won't help you to clean it up.

3  33

- 1 If he has to work late...
- 2 If it's a nice day tomorrow...
- 3 If you don't eat properly...
- 4 I'll wear a sweater...
- 5 We'll have a picnic...
- 6 If you're finished with that book...
- 7 If I make too many mistakes...
- 8 What will you do if...
- 9 I'll buy her a present...
- 10 He'll call her tomorrow...

1a, 2a, 3b, 4b, 5a, 6a, 7b, 8b, 9b, 10a

- 4
- 1 do, will succeed, 2 will be, eat, 3 Will you, take, 4 will answer, know, 5 take, won't miss, 6 will open, ring
- 5
- 1 continue, will be able, 2 think, will see, 3 leave, will fall, 4 will get, learn, 5 want, will have, 6 will feel, eat
- 6
- 1 She was probably cold.
 - 2 It was probably his birthday.
 - 3 They probably got good marks on their tests.
 - 4 She probably worked too hard.
 - 5 he probably broke his leg.
 - 6 She probably wanted to learn how to relax.
- 7
- 1 If I hear a strange noise at night, I will go and investigate.
 - 2 If I am thirsty after school, I will have some fruit juice.
 - 3 If I don't do well in my exams, my parents will say I didn't study enough.
 - 4 If I forget my homework, I will bring it to school the following day.
 - 5 If there is nothing on TV tonight, I will read a book.
 - 6 If I get good grades at school, I will feel really happy.
 - 7 If I am hungry at break time, I will eat a banana.
 - 8 If it is sunny at the weekend, I will go for a bike ride.

8 *Open answers*

Unit 42 pp. 64-67

- 1
- 1 have, seen, 2 have phoned, 3 has lived, 4 have lost, 5 have bought, 6 have invited

2  34

- Emily** Have you ever been to the United States. Jessica?
- Jessica** Well, I've been to New York and Washington. I spent ten days there, but I've never been to San Francisco or Los Angeles.

Emily	San Francisco is beautiful! I've stayed in San Diego, too.
Jessica	I've heard it's a very nice city, too.
Emily	Yes. California is a beautiful place. Have you ever visited Ireland?
Jessica	Yes, I have. I went a couple of years ago. It's quite different from California but it's just as beautiful.
Emily	I guess I'll have to go there too!

- 3
- 1 Yes, she has.
 - 2 Yes, she has.
 - 3 She spent ten days there.
 - 4 She has heard that San Diego is a nice city.
 - 5 No, she hasn't.
 - 6 Yes, she has.

- 4
- SINCE: last week, 2 2010, 3 15th March, the beginning of the year, my childhood
FOR: an hour and a half, three years, fifteen days, ages, more than a month

- 5
- 1 for, 2 since, 3 since, 4 for, 5 since, 6 for, 7 for, 8 since

6  35

- 1 Have you heard the news?
- 2 Has your father left for work yet?
- 3 Have you had dinner yet?
- 4 How long have you known him?
- 5 How many times have you visited your grandparents this month?
- 6 Have you ever seen this programme?
- 7 I haven't seen Lucy lately. Has she been sick?
- 8 Have they asked their parents yet?
- 9 How many times has she seen that film?
- 10 What's that nice smell? Have you changed perfumes?

1 a, 2 a, 3 a, 4 b, 5 b, 6 a, 7 a, 8 a, 9 a, 10 b

- 7
- 1 'Have you ever been to Africa?' 'Yes, I've been there once.'
 - 2 'Have they ever read Alice in Wonderland?' 'No, they have never read Alice in Wonderland.'
 - 3 'Have they ever flown in a hot-air balloon?' 'No, they have never flown in a hot-air balloon.'
 - 4 'Has Mary ever spoken to John?' 'Yes, she has spoken to John twice.'
 - 5 'Have you ever been to Susan's house?' 'Yes, I've been several times.'
 - 6 'Has Jack ever had a car accident?' 'Yes, he's had an accident once.'
 - 7 'Have you ever eaten snails?' 'No, I've never eaten snails.'
 - 8 'Have they ever ridden a camel?' 'No, they've never ridden a camel.'

8 *Sample answers:*

- 1 'Have you ever eaten sushi?' 'Yes, I've eaten sushi many times. / No, I've never eaten sushi.'
- 2 'Have you ever held a snake?' 'Yes, I've held a snake once. / No, I've never held a snake.'
- 3 'Have you ever tried green tea?' 'Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.'
- 4 'Have you ever ridden a motorcycle?' 'Yes, I have. / No, never.'
- 5 'Have you ever made a snowman?' 'Yes, I've made a snowman many times. / No, never.'
- 6 'Have you ever slept in a tent?' 'Yes, I've slept in a tent once. / No, I've never slept in a tent.'

- 9
- 1 Mrs Brown has already asked her assistant to type an email.
 - 2 Mrs Brown hasn't set up an online conference call with her colleague yet.
 - 3 She hasn't called the company headquarters yet.
 - 4 She has already eaten lunch.
 - 5 She has already had a meeting.
 - 6 She hasn't checked her calendar reminder on her tablet yet.

- 10 1 gone, 2 gone, 3 been, 4 been, 5 gone, 6 gone
- 11 1 already, 2 just, 3 yet, 4 still, 5 just, 6 still, 7 yet, 8 already
- 12 1 have started, 2 has flown, 3 have travelled, 4 have won, 5 have held, 6 hasn't done, has written
- 13 1 *correct*, 2 'Have you seen my mobile phone?' 'No, sorry, I haven't.' 3 *correct*, 4 *correct*, 5 'Have you ever met a famous person?' 'No, never.' 6 I travelled abroad for the first time last year, but I've never flown.

Unit 43 pp. 68-69

1  36

- 1 A I've got the flu.
B You should stay in bed.
- 2 A My feet hurt.
B You should buy new shoes.
- 3 A This jacket is too tight.
B You should buy a new one.
- 4 A I'm always tired in the morning.
B You should go to bed earlier.
- 5 A I'm too fat.
B You should try exercising more.
- 6 A I don't feel like walking.
B You should take a taxi.
- 7 A I don't remember what the teacher said.
B You should pay more attention.
- 8 A I'm hungry.
B You should eat something for breakfast.
- 9 A I'm hot.
B You should open the window.
- 10 A Tomorrow is my mother's birthday.
B You should buy her some flowers.

1 e, 2 i, 3 g, 4 h, 5 d, 6 f, 7 b, 8 j, 9 a, 10 c

- 2 1 shouldn't, 2 ought to, should, 4 shouldn't, 5 shouldn't, 6 ought
- 3 1 should learn, 2 should leave, 3 should go, 4 shouldn't smoke, 5 shouldn't eat, 6 shouldn't work, 7 should have, 8 shouldn't marry, 9 should go, 10 should start
- 4 1 shall, 2 shouldn't, 3 ought to/should, 4 shouldn't, 5 should, 6 Shall

5  37

Dialogue 1

- Doctor** Good morning, Miss Smith. How are you?
- Miss Smith** I have a terrible headache that doesn't seem to go away.
- Doctor** When did it start?
- Miss Smith** It started two days ago. Yes, on Tuesday evening.
- Doctor** Are you under a lot of stress lately?
- Miss Smith** Yes. I have a lot of problems with my job.
- Doctor** I think you should take some time off work.

Dialogue 2

- Doctor** Good afternoon, Mr Kane. What's the matter?

Mr Kane	I have really bad pains in my back and legs.
Doctor	Do you exercise regularly?
Mr Kane	Oh, no! I don't remember the last time I exercised!
Doctor	It looks like you're a little overweight, too. Am I right?
Mr Kane	Well... Yes, I've put on some extra pounds.
Doctor	You should go on a diet.
Mr Kane	A diet?
Doctor	Yes. What do you usually eat?
Mr Kane	I love burgers and pizza. I also like take-away food.
Doctor	You shouldn't eat that kind of food. You should eat lots of fruit and vegetables.
Mr Kane	Anything else?
Doctor	You should start exercising twice a week. Come and see me again next month.
Mr Kane	OK. Thanks for your advice.
Dialogue 3	
Doctor	Hi, Janet. What's the problem?
Janet	I can't sleep at night.
Doctor	Since when?
Janet	Since about ten days now.
Doctor	What are you doing differently in your life recently?
Janet	Well, I moved house about a month ago. And I'm busy trying to organise everything.
Doctor	By yourself?
Janet	Yes.
Doctor	You should get somebody to help you.
Janet	I guess you're right.
Doctor	And you shouldn't work until late. You should stop and have dinner and then you should relax.
Janet	But there are so many things to do.
Doctor	You shouldn't be anxious. Take your time and you'll get everything done.
Janet	Thanks Dr. Jefferson.

- 1 She has a headache.
- 2 She has had it for two days.
- 3 She should take some time off work.
- 4 He has pains in his back and legs.
- 5 He notices that Mr Kane is a little overweight.
- 6 He thinks Mr Kane should go on a diet, eat fruit and vegetables and start exercising twice a week.
- 7 She can't sleep at night.
- 8 She should get somebody to help her with moving house, she shouldn't work until late and she should relax.

6 *Sample answers:*

- 1 First of all, Mark, you should remember that you have studied hard and you know all the answers. You shouldn't stay up late at night and get more nervous. Just keep calm!
- 2 Well Kyle, you shouldn't spend so long on your computer. You should try to spend less time on the Internet talking to your friends. You should meet your friends and spend real time with them.
- 3 Starting a new school isn't easy Cara. You should join an after-school club where you can make friends. You shouldn't worry and you should be yourself!

Unit 44 pp. 70-71

1



38

Conversation 1

Terry Hi, Diane. **Why weren't you** at school today?
Diane I'm **sick**. I have the flu. **Could you tell me** if we have any homework for next week?
Terry Yes, **there's** going to be a Maths test on Tuesday and an English test on Thursday.
Diane Oh, **thanks**. Anything else?
Terry No. But I hope **you get better** soon.
Diane Thanks!
Conversation 2
Anne Hello Jack! You're back early.
Jack Oh hi, Anne. Yes, I didn't have any **lectures** this afternoon at university.
Anne That's good. Actually, I'm glad I caught you.
Jack Oh yes, Why's that?
Anne **Could** you do me a favour, please? I have an English class this evening but my car **is being fixed** in the garage. Could you **drive** me to class?
Jack Yes, of course! What time's your class?
Anne **It's from** 7:30 p.m. to 9:30 p.m.
Jack OK, no problem. What time do you want to leave?
Anne Well, I have some **coursework** to finish this afternoon, so **could we leave** here at around 7 p.m.?
Jack Yes, okay. Would you like me to come and **pick you up** as well?
Anne No, that's fine. A few classmates and I are **going** to get something to eat after the class.
Jack OK, cool. Well, knock on my room door **when** you're ready to leave.
Anne Great! Thanks, Jack. See you later.
Jack Bye!

- 2
- 1 Anne asks Jack to drive her to class.
 - 2 Yes, he is.
 - 3 She has some coursework to finish.
 - 4 No, he doesn't.
 - 5 She is going out with a few classmates.
 - 6 He tells her to knock on his door.

- 3 *Sample answers:*
- 1 I think Clara could set an alarm clock to wake her up early.
 - 2 I think Ben could keep his keys in a safe place.
 - 3 I think Marco could go swimming.
 - 4 I think Luke could join a sports club.
 - 5 I think Georgia could ask for help.
 - 6 I think Aaron could do a search on the Internet.

4  39

Ursula Excuse me, officer, could you help me?
Policeman Yes, Madam. What's the problem?
Ursula I think I'm lost. I'm looking for the Central Train Station but I've been walking for thirty minutes and I still haven't found it.
Policeman Well, you're in the right direction. Continue down this street past the traffic light. Turn right on Churchill Road. Go past the post office and Jefferson's Groceries. Turn left on South Street and walk for about 150 yards. You will see the station on your right.
Ursula Is it far?
Policeman Oh, not too far. It's about fifteen minutes from here on foot.
Ursula Fifteen minutes? Ah, my suitcase is so heavy. Is there a bus that stops there?
Policeman Yes, there is. Bus H stops in front of the train station. The bus stop is on the corner of Park Avenue and 7th Street. You can buy a ticket at the newsstand across the street.
Ursula How long will it take by bus?

Policeman	Well, there's no traffic at this hour. It'll take about six minutes.
Ursula	How will I know when to get off?
Policeman	You can ask the bus driver but don't worry; the Central Station is very big. You can't miss it!

- 1 Ursula wants to go to the Central Train Station.
- 2 She asks a police officer.
- 3 Yes, she is.
- 4 No, she doesn't.
- 5 She has to take bus H.
- 6 She can buy a ticket at the news stand.
- 7 It will take about six minutes.
- 8 She can ask the driver, but she'll also see the station because it is very big.

5  40

- 1 You're hot and all the windows on the train are closed.
- 2 You're a tourist and you need information on how to get to the train station. How do you ask the policeman for directions?
- 3 You see a pair of jeans you like but you don't know if they fit you. What do you ask the shop assistant?
- 4 You see an old lady trying to cross the street. What do you ask her?
- 5 You forgot your watch and the bus isn't arriving. What do you ask the person next to you at the bus stop?

1 a, 2 a, 3 b, 4 a, 5 a

6 *Open answer*

Unit 45 pp. 72-73

- 1 1 c, 2 b, 3 a, 4 c, 5 b, 6 a
- 2 1 have a meal, 2 have a bath, 3 have a dream, 4 have a party, 5 have a holiday, 6 have breakfast, 7 have an argument, 8 have a chat
- 3 1 can't, 2 can't, 3 can, can't, 4 Can, 5 Can, 6 can't
- 4 1 can, 2 couldn't, 3 Could, 4 can, 5 couldn't, 6 could
- 5 1 can, 2 can't, 3 can, 4 Could, 5 couldn't, 6 can't
- 6 *Open answers*
- 7 *Open answers*
- 8 1 We can go out for a walk.
2 We can go to work by car.
3 She can't come to work.
4 Can you speak louder, please?
5 Can he see you tomorrow.
6 Can you give me a ride?
7 Can I borrow yours?
8 Can you help her?
9 Can you lend me some?
10 We can't use our bikes.

- 9
- 1 He has breakfast at 6.45.
 - 2 He has a shower.
 - 3 He can play the guitar, ride a horse, play football and swim.
 - 4 He couldn't swim very well.
 - 5 They usually have a holiday where they can scuba dive.
 - 6 He says it was amazing.

Unit 46 pp. 74-75

- 1
- 1 was given, 2 was, left, 3 wasn't booked, 4 Were, made, 5 was fixed, 6 wasn't opened, 7 was sold, 8 Was, printed
- 2
- 1 The house is cleaned by my mum.
 - 2 This room is used only on special occasions.
 - 3 The window is always opened by Rita.
 - 4 Bus tickets aren't sold onboard.
 - 5 The church bells are rung after the wedding.
 - 6 Bicycles are left in the hall.
 - 7 Her children are dressed badly.
 - 8 This painting is always admired by visitors.
- 3
- 1 English is spoken all over the world.
 - 2 I was invited to lunch yesterday.
 - 3 An important battle was fought...
 - 4 His head was hurt...
 - 5 The dog was fed...
 - 6 She was given...
 - 7 I was punished for...
 - 8 Progress is made...
 - 9 A book is made...
 - 10 This sandcastle was built...
- 4
- 1 asked, 2 refused, 3 is written, 4 told, 5 was given, 6 promised, 7 was told, 8 play, 9 pointed, 10 was informed, 11 had, 12 was taken
- 5
- 1 'Where were these jeans made?' 'They were made in America.'
 - 2 'When was the package delivered?' 'It was delivered just after midday.'
 - 3 'Who was this painting drawn by?' 'It was drawn by Luke Stratton, an art student at City University.'
 - 4 'Where was the old furniture taken?' 'It was taken to the recycling depot.'
 - 5 'Why was a piece of Tom's birthday cake eaten?' 'A piece of cake was eaten because Julia was hungry.'
 - 6 'How were my new sunglasses broken?' 'They were accidentally stepped on.'
- 6
- 1 The mail is delivered by William every day.
 - 2 This house was destroyed by fire.
 - 3 The concert was enjoyed by the audience.
 - 4 That book was taken by Ben from the desk.
 - 5 The cake will be eaten by Paul.
 - 6 The report has been finished by Beth.
 - 7 The tickets will be left at the box office by Mrs Albright.
 - 8 The thief was easily captured by the police.
 - 9 The lecture was attended by many people.
 - 10 We were very much disappointed by the film.

- 7 1 were taken, 2 are tempted, 3 is sold, 4 was always boiled, 5 was drunk, 6 is avoided, 7 are worn, 8 is sold, 9 were given, 10 will be shown

Unit 47 pp. 76-77

- 1 1 c, 2 e, 3 b, 4 f, 5 a, 6 d
- 2 1 told, 2 said, 3 asked, 4 told, 5 said, 6 asked, 7 told, 8 asked, 9 said, 10 asked
- 3 1 c, 2 f, 3 e, 4 g, 5 d, 6 a, 7 b
- 4 1 c, 2 d, 3 e, 4 a, 5 g, 6 f, 7 b
- 5 1 He said that he couldn't go swimming that day.
2 He said that he was hungry.
3 He said that was going to have a party.
4 He said that today was David's birthday.
5 He said that Laura was playing tennis.
6 He said that his father worked in a bank.
7 He said that Nina and Sam were going to England.
8 He said he wasn't good at dancing.
- 6 1 She asked if I was reading a good book.
2 She asked if Dennis was taking his dog for a walk later.
3 She asked if Pamela would arrive late to the cinema.
4 She asked me what my new address was.
5 She asked if Tony could come to the music festival next week.
6 She asked how often I went to the gym.
7 She asked if she could come over to my house.
8 She asked if Bill gave me that magazine.
- 7 1 He / She told me to run away.
2 He / She told me to come in.
3 He / She told me to look out.
4 He / She asked me to give her another.
5 He / She told me to wash my hands.
6 He / She told me to come at five o'clock.
7 He / She asked me to leave it on the table.
8 He / She told me not to shut the door.

Unit 48 pp. 78-79

- 1 1 d, 2 f, 3 a, 4 b, 5 c, 6 e
- 2 1 aren't you, 2 can we, 3 isn't it, 4 have you, 5 weren't they, 6 did she
- 3 1 doesn't he? / he doesn't.
2 aren't they? / they are.
3 didn't she? / she didn't.
4 did it? / it didn't.
5 hasn't he? / he hasn't.
6 didn't you? / I did.
7 won't you? / I won't.
8 can't he? / he can.
9 does she? / she doesn't.
10 doesn't she? / she does.

4  41

- 1 A Louise needs a new mobile phone, doesn't she?
 B Yes, she does.
 2 A Mark can't drive yet, can he?
 B No, he can't.
 3 A Joanne and Michael are going to the music festival on Saturday, aren't they?
 B Yes, they are.
 4 A The post office is next to the bank in town, isn't it?
 B Yes, it is.
 5 A Simon hasn't got any pets, has he?
 B No, he hasn't.
 6 A Your sister couldn't get tickets for the show, could she?
 B No, she couldn't.

- 1 doesn't she? / Yes, she does.
 2 can he? / No, he can't.
 3 aren't they? / Yes, they are.
 4 isn't it? / Yes, it is.
 5 has he? / No, he hasn't.
 6 could she? / No, she couldn't.

- 5 1 is he?, 2 can you?, 3 weren't they?, 4 didn't you?, 5 isn't it?, 6 shouldn't he?, 7 won't you?, 8 has she?

- 6 1 can't they? 2 hasn't she? 3 hasn't she? 4 isn't it? 5 did she? 6 must we? 7 won't he? 8 has he? 9 shouldn't he? 10 will we? 11 have you? 12 can't he?

- 7 1 should we? / No, we shouldn't.
 2 won't we? / Yes, we will.
 3 couldn't she? / No, she couldn't.
 4 has he? / No, he hasn't.
 5 does he? / No, he doesn't.
 6 can't you? / Yes, I can.


- 8 *Opens answers*

Unit 49 p. 80

- 1 1-f who, 2-b which, 3-e who, 4-d which, 5-a where, 6-c where
 2 1 who, 2 which, 3 who, 4 which, 5 who, 6 which, 7 who, 8 which
 3 1 that, 2 which, 3 where, 4 that, 5 who, 6 where, 7 where, 8 which
 4 1 which/that, 2 who, 3 who, 4 which/that, 5 who, 6 where, 7 which/that, 8 where
 5 1 Chocoholic is a new café which/that sells delicious chocolate cakes.
 2 Emma Watson is an English actress who starred in the Harry Potter films.
 3 Chris bought a new car that/which is very fast.
 4 Barcelona is a Spanish city where you can see Gaudí's architecture.
 5 That is Michael who I met at a party.
 6 Little Red Riding Hood went to visit her grandmother who lived in a small house in the woods.
 7 Orange juice is a healthy drink which/that has lots of vitamin C.
 8 Killer whales are mammals which/that live in the Arctic and Antarctic oceans.

- 6** *Sample answers:*
 1 This is the house where Shakespeare lived.
 2 That's the lady who is a DJ.
 3 Those are the books which/that Harry Potter uses to find spells.
 4 That's the policeman who lives next door.
- 7** 1 where, 2 who, 3 which / that, 4 where, 5 who / that, 6 where

Unit 50 pp. 82-83

- 1** 1 which, 2 that, 3 whose, 4 which, 5 where, 6 when
- 2** 1 which, 2 who, 3 when, 4 where, 5 whose
- 3** 1-f A greengrocer is a person who sells fruit and vegetables.
 2-d A farmer is a person who works in the fields.
 3-e A nurse is a person who takes care of people.
 4-c A baker is a person who makes bread and cakes.
 5-b A shopkeeper is a person who helps run a store.
 6-a A chef is a person who cooks in a restaurant.
- 4** 1-c A car is a vehicle which transports people.
 2-f A dishwasher is a machine which people use to wash dishes in.
 3-a A wardrobe is a piece of furniture which people use to put clothes in.
 4-e A rubber is a thing which people use to erase pencil with.
 5-d A wallet is a thing which people use to put money in.
 6-b A fridge is a thing which people use to keep food and drinks cold.
- 5** 1-b A kitchen is a place where you cook and eat.
 2-c A hospital is a place where you go if you are very sick.
 3-a The hairdresser's is a place where you go for a haircut.
 4-f An art museum is a place where you go to observe paintings.
 5-d A swimming pool is a place where people swim.
 6-e A park is a place where people go to walk.
- 6** 1 She's the teacher whose students are going to England for a week.
 2 This is Andrew whose sister is my best friend.
 3 That's the man whose dog bit me on my leg.
 4 That's Mrs Tanaka whose family is from Japan.
 5 That's the person whose house was robbed.
 6 That's the fireman whose hand was burnt in a fire.
- 7** 1 whose, 2 where, 3 which, 4 where, 5 who, 6 which, 7 which, 8 who
- 8**  **42**
 1 The eggs which I bought yesterday are bad.
 2 The boy who broke the window will be punished.
 3 The hairdresser who cut your hair did a good job.
 4 Is the book which is on the table mine?
 5 This is the shop where I go to buy my clothes.
 6 The boy who is sitting at the desk is my brother.
- 9** 1 who, 2 which/that, 3 which/that, 4 which/that, 5 which/that, 6 whose

- 10 1 who, 2 which, 3 which/that, 4 who, 5 whose, 6 which

Unit 51 pp. 84-85

- 1 1 herself, 2 myself, 3 myself, 4 ourselves, 5 themselves, 6 herself, 7 ourselves, 8 myself, 9 himself, 10 myself, 11 ourselves, 12 yourself

- 2 1 herself, 2 I taught myself, 3 for themselves, 4 I can find it myself, 5 yourselves, 6 ourselves

- 3  43

1 Tony cut himself with the scissors.
 2 Don't worry about them. They can take care of themselves.
 3 The girl was lucky when she fell off her bike that she didn't badly hurt herself.
 4 Be careful! The oven is on. Don't burn yourself.
 5 William and Jeff climbed to the top of the mountain by themselves.
 6 They accidentally left their keys in the car so they couldn't open it. They locked themselves out by mistake.
 7 It's not our fault. We shouldn't blame ourselves.
 8 I'm such a fool! I could kick myself!
 9 The exhibition was great. We really enjoyed ourselves.
 10 I don't want you to pay for me. I'll pay for myself.

- 4 1 think of themselves, 2 relax, 3 met, 4 enjoyed ourselves, 5 shaved, 6 help yourselves, 7 teach myself, 8 bring, 9 feed herself, 10 fix, himself

- 5 1 he, himself, 2 myself, 3 yourself, 4 you, itself, 5 ourselves, 6 yourself

- 6 1 our, 2 her, 3 yourself, 4 myself, 5 herself, 6 his, 7 your, 8 himself

- 7 1 yourself, 2 themselves, 3 -, 4 themselves, 5 herself, 6 herself, 7 myself, 8 -, 9 -, 10 -

- 8 1 Jamie liked his new haircut and was looking at himself in the mirror.
 2 I accidentally burnt myself on the iron.
 3 Megan and I enjoyed ourselves at Christine's barbecue.
 4 The children behaved themselves really well at school today.
 5 Julia painted her bedroom herself at the weekend.
 6 Did you cut your hair yourself? It looks really nice.

Unit 52 pp. 86-87

- 1 1 get tired, 2 to get married, 3 gets angry, 4 is getting dressed, 5 getting fat, 6 get lost, 7 getting old, 8 get hungry

- 2  44

1 A We're getting old.
 B Oh, don't say that!
 2 A It's getting busy in this café.
 B Let's go outside.
 3 A I'm getting bored of doing my homework.
 B Why don't you take a break?
 4 A The baby's getting tired.
 B Why don't you put him to bed?
 5 A I'm ready to go out.

- B** Where are you going?
6 A This exercise is getting difficult.
B Why don't you ask for help?
7 A It's getting late.
B Let's hurry up.
8 A I'm getting his jacket for him.
B Why doesn't he get it himself?
9 A We got an email.
B Who is it from?
10 A She got a dog for Christmas.
B Who gave it to her?

1 h, 2 d, 3 i, 4 b, 5 f, 6 a, 7 j, 8 e, 9 c, 10 g

- 3** 1 The employees always get a bonus at the end of the year.
 2 I'm getting bored with this programme.
 3 He got a new job as a graphic designer.
 4 Can you pass me that magazine, please?
 5 I have to get the parcel from the post office.
 6 I got this dress on sale last year.
- 4** 1 get me some water, 2 get some food, 3 get some money, 4 get a suntan, 5 get that coat,
 6 get some stamps, 7 gets sick, 8 get tired
- 5** 1 get sick, 2 get drunk, 3 gets interesting, 4 gets cold, 5 get tired, 6 get wet, 7 get fat,
 8 gets dark, 9 get better, 10 get hot
- 6** 1 to obtain, 2 to go and bring back, 3 to obtain, 4 to buy, 5 to buy, 6 to take, 7 to receive,
 8 to go and bring back, 9 to receive, 10 to buy
- 7** 1 get cold, 2 gets / tired, 3 gets / interesting, 4 getting late, 5 getting hot, 6 get lost

Unit 53 pp. 88-89

- 1** 1-d If I had a dog, I'd name it Socks.
 2-a He would be happy if he won the lottery.
 3-g If we were rich, we would take a trip around the world.
 4-f If Janet studied more, she'd get better marks.
 5-h If I were hungry, I'd eat more.
 6-b I'd go dancing if someone invited me.
 7-c I'd go skiing if there were snow in the mountains.
 8-e If I were thirsty, I'd drink some water.
- 2** 1 had, would type, 2 knew, would give, 3 would come, had, 4 wouldn't drink, were,
 5 donated, would have, 6 would you do, came
- 3** 1 were, would visit, 2 would be cold, left, 3 would help, used, 4 would you do, found,
 5 would use, didn't throw, 6 knew, would tell

4  **45**

Monica Terry, what would you do if you won the lottery?

Terry Well, if I won the lottery I'd like to buy a lot of things.

Monica What would you buy?

Terry First of all I'd buy a new car. Mine is old and it's always breaking down. Then I'd really love to buy a house in the country.

Monica Where would you buy it?

Terry I'd really like a house close to where my parents live.

Monica Anything else?

Terry Of course! I would also donate a lot of money to organisations that help the needy.

Monica That's a good idea. If I won a lot of money I would do the same.

Terry And there's one more thing I just thought of.

Monica What's that?

Terry I'd like to go to an exotic place on my next holiday. And I'd invite you too!

1 I'd like, 2 buy, 3 I'd really love, 4 where, 5 would, 6 donate, 7 won, 8 would do, 9 I'd invite

5 *Sample answers:*

1 If I were tired of walking, I'd sit down and take a rest.

2 If I found a wallet, I'd go to the police station.

3 If I saw a fire, I would dial 999.

4 If I won £50,000,000, I would buy a new house with a swimming pool.

5 If my best friend moved to another city, I'd try to visit her once a month.

6 If I were president, I'd...

6 1 had, 2 found, 3 were, 4 would, 5 had, 6 didn't have, 7 won, 8 were

7 1 would you do, got, 2 would break, removed, 3 did, would look, 4 moved, would be, 5 knew, wouldn't do, 6 had, would have

Unit 54 pp. 90-91

1 1 used to play, 2 used to be, 3 used to eat, 4 used to drink, 5 used to go, 6 used to wear, 7 used to study, 8 used to play

2 1 use to, 2 use to, 3 use to, 4 used to, 5 used to

3 *Sample answers:*

1 Did you use to hang out with your friends?

2 Did you use to work?

3 Did you use to travel on your holidays?

4 Did you use to be popular at school?

5 Did you use to like music?

6 Did you use to ride a bike?

4 *Sample answers:*

1 but now... he goes once a week.

2 but now... he hardly ever cries.

3 but now... I'm rather plump.

4 but now... she has quite a lot of grey hair.

5 but now... we go out every weekend.

6 but now... he plays really well.

7 but now... she dances every Saturday.

8 but now... he loves it.

9 but now... he has lots of nice friends.

10 but now... she doesn't go on many trips.

5  **46**

My town has grown quite a bit since I've been living here. It used to be a quiet town; everyone used to know each other and the people used to be very friendly. Now the town has changed. It's much

bigger and noisier. There didn't use to be any air pollution either; now there is. We used to have small market stalls selling food. Now there is a big supermarket. The people are always in a hurry nowadays and they never have time to stop and chat. I miss that; we used to always chat when we met each other. I'm not very happy here anymore. I prefer the way things used to be.

1 quite, 2 quiet, 3 know, 4 pollution, 5 there is, 6 hurry, 7 stop, 8 always, 9 prefer

6 1 used to be, 2 used to be, 3 used to love, 4 used to have, 5 used to live, 6 used to like

7 1 I used to have a cat but it ran away.
2 Did you use to have a laptop?
3 Did you use to go to school by bike?
4 I used to love soap operas but not anymore.
5 This town used to be quiet but now it is busy.
6 I didn't use to love chocolate but now I do.
7 Sophie used to have long hair but now it's short.
8 Petrol used to be cheap.

8 *Sample answers:*
1 I used to play football on Saturday afternoons.
2 I used to hang out with my school friends.
3 I didn't use to watch much TV.
4 I used to swim once a week at the local pool.
5 I didn't use to enjoy art lessons.
6 I used to read lots of books.

9 *Open answers*

Unit 55 p. 92

1 1 felt, 2 smelt, 3 sounded, 4 taste, 5 listened, 6 touching, 7 watching, 8 hear, 9 looked, 10 see

2 1 talking, 2 arguing, 3 trying, 4 playing, 5 ringing, 6 chasing, 7 explaining, 8 knocking, 9 riding, 10 running

3 1 steal, 2 get, 3 say, 4 play, 5 sing, 6 jump, 7 call, 8 eat, 9 leave, 10 make

4 1 entering, 2 crash, 3 speak, 4 lying, 5 running, 6 get, 7 cross, wait, 8 ring, 9 laughing, 10 play

5 *Sample answers:*
1 arguing, 2 crash, 3 walking, 4 shout, 5 play, 6 coming

6 *Sample answers:*
1 I can see a teenager listening to music.
2 I can see two men tasting food.
3 I can hear a child crying.
4 I can see a man drinking a cup of coffee.
5 I can see a man reading a newspaper.
6 I can hear a man snoring.
7 I can see people checking-in their luggage.
8 I can see a man blowing bubbles with bubble gum.

Exam Buster

My written exam

1 Malala Yousafzai pp. 98-99

- 1
- 1 When Malala was just 17 years old, she won the Nobel Peace Prize, so she became the youngest person ever to win it.
 - 2 She started writing a blog for the BBC when she was 11 years old.
 - 3 She preferred her pen name to her real name because her real name means ‘devastated’.
 - 4 In her blog, she wrote about normal things such as getting up late during holidays, spending time with friends or going shopping.
 - 5 In the Swat Valley the Taliban control the lives of young girls.
 - 6 Only 11 girls out of 27 went to school the day the Taliban announced a ban on girls’ education.
 - 7 She was afraid because she thought the man had told her ‘I will kill you’, then she realised he was talking on his mobile phone.
 - 8 Before the Taliban came, Malala could go out on picnic, go for a walk after dinner and go to school.
 - 9 One day they went to school in colourful dresses because in that way none could have guessed where they were going.
 - 10 Children from 110 different countries voted for her in the World’s Children’s Prize.
- 2
- A** Hi Malala, nice to meet you. I’m very happy to have the opportunity to interview you. The first thing I would like to ask you is where do you live now?
- B** Hi, thank you. At the moment I live in Birmingham, in the United Kingdom.
- A** Since when do you live there and why?
- B** I arrived from Pakistan in 2012, in order to get medical care after the Taliban had shot me.
- A** Do you like your life in Birmingham?
- B** Yes, I like going at school and getting to know a new culture.
- A** Do you go on fighting for the girls’ rights in your country?
- B** Yes, I won’t stop till every girl has the right of education.
- A** Which was the hardest thing you did until now?
- B** I think the hardest thing was to deliver a speech at the United Nations.
- A** I can imagine how hard it was! What will you do after school?
- B** I will go to university to study politics. I hope to become the First Minister of Pakistan one day.

3-4 *Open answers*

2 Floods pp. 100-101

- 1
- 1 Floods are big amounts of water that cover normally dry land.
 - 2 The factors which can influence how bad a flood is are the number of trees nearby, the type of river banks, the presence of a drainage area and the capacity of the rocks and soil to absorb water.
 - 3 Land can flood gradually or suddenly.
 - 4 Flooding can have a devastating effect on people’s lives because it can damage homes and possessions, cut off electricity or flood roads, bridges, railway lines or airports, impeding the use of lines. It can also pollute or cause the loss of animals and crops.
 - 5 Economic long-term effects on business caused by flooding can be serious.
 - 6 Farming communities are vulnerable to the effect of flooding because often they change the natural landscape in order to farm, as a consequence they can lose crops, animals and earnings.
 - 7 People can die as a result of flooding by being hurt by heavy objects carried by floods.
 - 8 Flooding isn’t all bad because the deposits of flood water can be composed by valuable nutrients which make the soil very fertile.

9 The main causes of flooding are the lack of maintenance at local, regional and national level, the deforestation and the building of houses too close to rivers.

10 Different strategies for preventing flood damage can be conserving natural environments, planting trees, limiting urban development, protecting coastal and riverbanks areas and early warning, in order to give people the possibility to move away or protect their properties.

- 2 **A** Hello Mrs Porter, thank you for being here, I'm really happy to interview you. Please, can you tell us which is your job?
B Thank you, it's a pleasure. I work for the British Environmental Agency.
A Which are your responsibilities at work?
B I'm the responsible of the forecast of the flooding, so my job consists in give warning.
A This is a big responsibility. How do you know a flooding is going to happen?
B We know when a flood happens by following the weather predictions and by measuring the quantity of water in the rivers and also the level of the rivers.
A And what do you do to arrest the overflowing of a river?
B In order to arrest it, we plant trees on the riverbanks and protect the houses in risk areas.
A Which are the worst effects of floods?
B The worst thing is that people can loose their houses or drown.
A Which advice would you give to people who receive an alert?
B I think they should bring their families and animals in a safe place.

3-4 *Open answers*

3 Vamping pp. 102-103

- 1 1 Vamping is the action of using digital medias like laptop or smartphones late at night.
 2 It is so-called because, teenagers who have this habit, are always tired, so they fall asleep during the daytime.
 3 Some experts think vamping is an expression of teenage rebellion.
 4 Our parents' version of vamping was watching TV in the middle of the night, using the home phone after everybody was in bed and going out with friends without permission, using a pillow to make it look like they were sleeping.
 5 Experts believe that nighttime is the only time of the day for young people to interact freely because their life is full of activities during the day time.
 6 Vamping can have negatives effects like depression, difficulty in concentrating on school work, skin and eyes problems, obesity.
 7 'Peer pressure' lead to vamping because teenagers want to appear cool with their friends, so they show their rebellion by staying up late.
 8 The most worrying group of 'vampers' is the group that prefers the virtual world to the real one, because they find it easier to live in it.
 9 In order to stop their children vamping, parents should give the right example by switching their own electronic gadgets after 10 o'clock at night.
 10 In the writer's opinion they need to realise that teenagers need some free time to freely interact between them.
- 2 **A** Hi, how old are you?
B Hi, I'm 15 years old.
A Do you do vamping? When you do it?
B Yes, I do vamping, usually I do it during the weekend, between 12 and 2 o'clock at night.
A And what do you do while you are vamping?
B I usually chat with my friends and watch videos on YouTube.
A Do your parents know you do vamping?
B No, they don't know that, because I use my mobile phone under the blankets.
A Why do you do vamping?
B I do it because it is a fantastic way to stay in contact with friends.

A Did you noticed some negative effects of vamping?

B Yes, I did. The following day you do vamping you feel tired. That's why I do it only during the weekend.

3-4 *Open answers*

4 The Virgin Entrepreneur pp. 104-105

- 1**
- 1 Richard Branson is a British entrepreneur who possesses the Virgin Group.
 - 2 Just before he left school at 16, his Head Teacher told him that he would either go to prison or become a millionaire.
 - 3 There are more than 400 companies in 30 different countries in the Virgin Group.
 - 4 Virgin Money is a bank and Virgin Galactic is a space tourism company.
 - 5 School life was so difficult for Branson because he was dyslexic so he had difficulties in writing and reading, and he became easily distracted.
 - 6 Teachers thought he was lazy.
 - 7 His first successful company was a mail-order record company.
 - 8 Richard Branson believe his dyslexia helped him become a successful business man because he has to surround himself with people who are better than him at specific tasks.
 - 9 He uses his dyslexia in advertising campaigns by trying to understand the message. If he understands it quickly, it is accessible.
 - 10 His advice to young people with dyslexia or others learning difficulties is to vary the activities they do, in order to discover their strengths.
- 2**
- A** Good evening Mr Branson, I'm really happy to interview you today. Which is your job?
B Hello, thank you for having me. I'm the chief of the Virgin Group.
A Which types of companies are part of the Virgin Group?
B There are the Virgin Money, a bank; Virgin Atlantic, an airline company; Virgin Media, a phone, internet and TV company and the Virgin Galactic, a space tourism company.
A Which school did you attend? Did you liked it?
B I went to the Stowe Independent School but I didn't like it!
A Which type of problems did you have at school?
B I had difficulties in writing and reading, and I also had serious problems of concentration.
A What did you do to try to hide your difficulties?
B I tried to concentrate in things I was good at, like sport or business.
A Thank for this interview, it was a honour.
B It was a pleasure.

3-4 *Open answers*

5 Kilis Refugee Camp pp. 106-107

- 1** 1 C, 2 A, 3 C, 4 B, 5 A, 6 B, 7 C, 8 C
- 2**
- A** Hi, I'm really happy to interview you. What's your name?
B Hi, my name is Fatima.
A Where are you from Fatima and where do you live now?
B I'm from Syria, but right now I live in refugee camp.
A Why do you live there?
B My family had to leave our country to run away from the war.
A How is the refugee camp where you and your family live?
B The refugee camp is clean and organised. We live in lockable containers and we go to school everyday.
A What do you miss about your country?
B I miss my friends and having my own bedroom.

- A What do you hope for the future?
 B I hope the war will end soon.

3-4 *Open answers*

6 Andy Murray pp. 108-109

- 1 1 Andy Murray is a successful British tennis player.
 2 He has won the US Open, Wimbledon and the Olympic singles title.
 3 He was born in Glasgow on 15th May 1987.
 4 Life could be different for Andy Murray because there was a massacre in his school, luckily he wasn't shot.
 5 His middle name is Barron, it means 'young warrior'.
 6 The other sporty members of his family are his grandfather, who was a professional footballer; his mother, who is a tennis coach and his brother, who is a professional tennis player like Andy.
 7 Andy's first coach described him as 'extremely competitive', because he wanted to beat his brother.
 8 Andy Murray has had a bad image because people think he doesn't show any true emotion, he is miserable and bad-tempered.
 9 His image improved when he lost the Wimbledon singles final and he wasn't able to speak to the TV interviewer because of his disappointment.
 10 The writer thinks he's admired by many people because of his lack of control and because he looks like a humble person.
- 2 A Good morning Andy, I'm really happy to interview you. Where are you from?
 B Hi, thank you. I come from Scotland.
 A How were you when you were a young boy?
 B I often fought with my brother, I also did a lot of sport and I watched all the James Bond's films.
 A When did you begin to play tennis?
 B I began when I was 5 years old.
 A You were really young! Where did you trained yourself?
 B First I was trained in Scotland, then I moved to a special school in Barcelona, the Sanchez-Casal Tennis Academy.
 A Which was your most important victory, and which the worst defeat?
 B My first victory in a Gran Slam in the US Open was surely the most important, while the worst defeat was at Wimbledon in 2012.
 A What do you like and dislike about being a famous tennis player?
 B Of course I like playing tennis and winning, but I don't like when people criticise me.

3-4 *Open answers*

7 King Henry VIII: the True Story pp. 110-111

- 1 1 T, 2 F, 3 T, 4 F, 5 F, 6 F, 7 T, 8 F, 9 F, 10 T
- 2 A Good evening King Henry, I'm really happy to interview you. The first question is, when did you become King of England?
 B Hello. I became King of England in 1509, when I was 17 years old.
 A Did you always want to be King?
 B No, I was sure my brother Arthur was going to be king, but then he died.
 A Which type of education did you receive?
 B I was homeschooled by the best tutors of Europe.
 A What else did you learn as a young king?
 B I learned how to ride, play tennis and I also learned archery, hunting and dancing.
 A Is it true that you had six wives?

B Yes, that's true.

A Last question, what did you like and dislike about being a king?

B The best thing was that I could always do what I wanted, the worst thing was that I had to worry for the future of my country.

3-4 *Open answers*

8 A Special Day in Late Summer pp. 112-113

- 1**
- 1 September 13th is a special day for those who love literature because it is Roald Dahl day.
 - 2 He was born in Wales in 1916.
 - 3 Because both his parents were Norwegian.
 - 4 Because her husband wanted their children to go to British schools.
 - 5 He did not like it at all and he described his experience in one of his books. He attended a boarding school.
 - 6 He worked for the Shell Petroleum Company in Tanzania.
 - 7 During the Second World War he became a pilot for the RAF, but after a plane crash he was sent back to Britain where he started working for the MI6 and also began his writing career.
 - 8 He wrote short stories for adults, children's books and screenplays.
 - 9 Yes, he was very successful all over the world.
 - 10 He got married twice and had five children.
- 2**
- A** Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. Where do you live now?
B Good morning. I live in a small town in Norway.
A How long have you been retired?
B I have been retired since 1996.
A How do you pass your time now that you don't write (are not writing) any more?
B In the morning I go fishing on the riverbank, while in the afternoon I read my books to some children of the village, watch TV and write emails to my (niece) granddaughter Sophie.
A Which of the various jobs that you have done you like best and why?
B My favourite job was to write and invent characters for my children's books.
A Are you going to go (return) to England soon?
B I am organising a trip to London to meet some friends.
A When are you going to do this?
B Probably I will go this summer to enjoy the London parks.

3-4 *Open answers*

9 The Most Successful Tramp in the World pp. 114-115

- 1**
- 1 Because his family were very poor and his parents separated when he was very young.
 - 2 Sid was an actor and thanks to his help Charlie started touring America with the Karno Company.
 - 3 No, the beginning of his career was not easy.
 - 4 Because he was able to triumph over difficulties and humiliations. This was the dream of every immigrant.
 - 5 Because in a few years he became the most famous actor and producer of silent films. And he also wrote the scripts of his films and the music himself.
 - 6 Because in this year he gained the complete control of his productions.
 - 7 No, he didn't because he thought that the Tramp was so successful because he did not speak any language.
 - 8 It is the title of his first talkie/spoken word film.
 - 9 He was always attracted by young women.
 - 10 He was returning from a trip in Europe and his re-entry permit in the US was not given to him because he was suspected of communism.

- 2 **A** Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. Where do you live now?
B Good morning. I live in a small town in the Swiss mountains.
A How long have you been retired?
B I have been retired since 1974.
A How do you pass your time now that you are not making films any more?
B In the mornings I read the newspaper, listen to the radio. In the afternoon I play the piano and write music, then I play for my grandchildren.
A Which of the various jobs that you have done you like best and why?
B My favourite job has been producing films.
A Why don't you write a book of your memories (memoir)?
B I am writing the music for a musical.
A When will it be on stage?
B The first night of the musical is set for next spring in a famous theatre in London.

3-4 *Open answers*

10 The King of Pop pp. 116-117

- 1 **1** It was supposed to be Michael Jackson's comeback tour in 2009.
2 Michael Jackson suddenly died.
3 Because he was the most successful singer and one of the best selling artists in history.
4 His family was from Chicago. There were nine children. Michael had a difficult relationship with his father.
5 His career started when he was just 6 years old.
6 In 1971.
7 His musical and vocal styles were exceptional and his innovative dance techniques influenced a great number of artists after him. He was also the first artist in the music industry to turn the music video and live performances into a form of art.
8 They were able to put an end to racial, generational and cultural barriers.
9 It was the name of the ranch where he lived. It was very similar to an amusement park.
10 A great number of plastic surgery operations changed the shape of his nose and chin and probably the colour of his skin. In 1993 he was accused of child sexual abuse. He married Lisa Marie Presley, and after the divorce, he got married to a nurse who was the mother of two of his children. He won a great number of awards and was also known for supporting different charities and foundations.
- 2 **A** Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. Where do you live now?
B Good morning. I live in 'Neverland'.
A How long have you been retired?
B I have been retired since 2010.
A How do you spend your time now that you don't sing any more?
B In the morning I watch music videos on TV while in the afternoon I work on the career of some young artists.
A Which of your many albums did you like best?
B My favourite album has always been 'Thriller' because it contains some of my best songs.
A Why don't you write your memoirs?
B I am writing my autobiography.
A When will you publish it?
B The publication of the book is planned for 2013.

3-4 *Open answers*

11 Oscar Wilde pp. 118-119

- 1 **1** His father was a famous Irish eye surgeon and his mother was an Irish nationalist and a poet.

2 He was educated at home until the age of nine. After that, he went to the famous Trinity College in Dublin and later he studied at Oxford University.

3 Yes, he was an excellent student. His fellow students did not like him.

4 He moved to London, where he began teaching aesthetic values and became famous for his unconventional clothes and manners and for his wit and humour. When he started writing, he was immediately successful.

5 He went there to give lectures about Aestheticism.

6 He wrote plays, poems, children's stories and a novel.

7 It is the title of his novel.

8 He was suddenly arrested, imprisoned and condemned to two years' hard labour because of his homosexuality.

9 He wrote *De Profundis* and the *Ballad of Reading Gaol*.

10 He was very ill and had no friends, no money and no family. He was completely isolated from society and the artistic circles, so he decided to move to France where he died in 1900.

2 A Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. Where do you live now?

B Good morning. I live in Paris.

A How long have you been retired?

B I have been retired since 1903.

A How do you spend your time now that you don't write books any more?

B In the mornings I go for long walks along the Seine and in the afternoons I go to visit museums or shows.

A Which of your various works do you prefer and why?

B Most of all I liked writing my novel.

A Are you intending to go on a trip soon?

B I am organising a trip to the south of France where the climate is mild and will improve my health.

A When are you going to do this?

B Probably I will go at the beginning of this summer to enjoy the nature of that wonderful region.

3-4 *Open answers*

12 What do You Know about Blue Jeans? pp. 120-121

1 1 According to statistics every North American has 7 pairs of jeans.

2 Denim is the fabric jeans are made of.

3 It comes from the French 'bleu de Gênes' meaning 'the blue of Genoa', because this kind of trousers were first made in that Italian town during the Renaissance to be used by the sailors of the Genoese Navy.

4 Levi Strauss was a German-Jewish merchant. Jacob Davis was one of his customers and a tailor.

5 Because they started doing business together and they bought a patent.

6 In 1901.

7 They were used by workers, especially in the factories during World War II.

8 In the 1950s after James Dean wore a pair of blue jeans in the film *Rebel without a Cause*, they became popular among teenagers and young adults, who used them as a symbol of youth rebellion. During the 1960s they started being more accepted and in the 1970s they began playing an important role in informal fashion in every season.

9 They are used as an insulation material in the construction of houses.

10 Historic brands are Levi's, Lee and Wrangler. Some brands even sell vintage looks that are pre-scratched and torn before use.

2 A Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. Where do you work now?

B Good morning. I work in a jeans shop in a big shopping centre.

A How long have you had the shop?

B I have had it for 10 years.

A Who are your regular customers?

B During the week the usual customers are young men and women while at the weekend there are families.

A What type of jeans do you like most and why?

B This year I like vintage, but in the past I have always preferred classic jeans.

A Are you intending to open a new shop soon?

B Yes, I am organising the opening of a new jeans shop for young people in the same shopping centre on the next floor.

A When are you going to open?

B Probably the inauguration will be in two or three months (months' time).

3-4 *Open answers*

13 Fighting for Women's Rights pp. 122-123

1 1 T, 2 F, 3 T, 4 T, 5 F, 6 F, 7 T, 8 T

2 **A** Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. Where are you from?

B Good morning. I am English.

A How long have you been fighting for Women's rights?

B I have been fighting for several years.

A How have you fought so far?

B Well, at the beginning it was a peaceful fight but we did not get any results so we are starting to use some new methods.

A In your opinion what are the methods that will work best?

B Personally I am against violent methods, but army women don't think this way and have been put in prison.

A What methods are you going to use next?

B We are organising a protest for the rights of women and I am going to chain myself to a gate.

A When will you do this?

B Probably I will do it next week, but first I want to understand if it is possible to avoid this and still get the right (to vote).

3-4 *Open answers*

14 The Numbers of Moon Landing pp. 124-125

1 1 B, 2 C, 3 B, 4 A, 5 A, 6 B

2 **A** Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. What is your job?

B Good morning. I work as a scientist for NASA.

A How long have you had this job?

B I have been at/with NASA for 12 years.

A What do you do?

B I work on two projects: one studying the moon and the other studying the sun.

A Which project do you find more interesting?

B The moon has always been my passion and I find this project particularly pleasant.

A Is NASA going to send a probe into space to study the moon soon?

B At the moment we are evaluating this possibility, but probably a probe will be sent to study the sun because this is very important for various scientific applications.

A When will we have some news about this project?

B Probably the decision will be taken in the next two or three months.

3-4 *Open answers*

15 The Wonderful World of Jazz pp. 126-127

1 1 T, 2 F, 3 T, 4 F, 5 T, 6 F, 7 F, 8 T

- 2 A Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. What instrument do you play?
 B Good morning. I have played the piano since I was 8 and the saxophone later since I was 17.
 A Which type of jazz do you prefer?
 B I love all kinds of jazz but cool jazz in particular.
 A Who is your favourite jazz musician?
 B I like a lot but my favourites are Chet Baker and Miles Davis.
 A Are you going to play in a big public concert?
 B At the moment I am finishing writing an album which will be published soon and then I will begin a long European tour.
 A When will the tour begin?
 B The tour will probably start at the end of summer in London with little jazz concerts in the jazz clubs and will continue in various European countries.

3-4 *Open answers*

16 What's NASA? pp. 128-129

1 1 T, 2 F, 3 T, 4 F, 5 F, 6 F, 7 T, 8 F

- 2 A Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. What is your job?
 B Good morning. I work for NASA and ESA (The European Space Agency).
 A How long have you been working for these two agencies?
 B I began working for ESA about 10 years ago and I have been at/with NASA since 2007.
 A What do you do?
 B I am an engineer and do various types of work, in particular I build several parts of space probes, but I am sometimes sent into space.
 A Do you like working in space?
 B It is an incredible experience and it has always been my dream since I was a child.
 A Are you going to write a book to tell your experiences in space?
 B At the moment I am just finishing a book of this kind. A When will it be published?
 B It will probably be published at the beginning of next year.

3-4 *Open answers*

17 A Great Problem: Pollution pp. 130-131

1 1 T, 2 T, 3 T, 4 F, 5 F, 6 T, 7 T, 8 T

- 2 A Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. What is your job?
 B Good morning. I am a scientist studying the effects of pollution.
 A How long have you been in this field?
 B I began working in this field 20 years ago.
 A What type of pollution do you study mainly?
 B Up until a few years ago I worked on light pollution now I am working on sound/noise pollution.
 A Do you like your work?
 B It is a very interesting job and in the future I would like to work in the field of radioactive pollution.
 A Are you going to write a book about your experiences?
 B At the moment I am just finishing a book of this kind which tells about a series of conferences that I have made in various schools.
 A When will it be published?
 B I will probably be published in about 6 months' time.

3-4 *Open answers***18 Is Alternative Energy a Possibility? pp. 132-133**

- 1
- 1 Because the greatest part of the energy that we use comes from burning fossil fuels, but this has a negative impact on the environment and traditional fossil fuels will no longer be available in a few decades.
 - 2 Examples are sunlight, wind, tides and geothermal heat.
 - 3 Europe was close to an ecological disaster because of the huge deforestation.
 - 4 They used whale oil.
 - 5 Petroleum was used.
 - 6 Alexander Graham Bell did, as an alternative to carbon and oil.
 - 7 The ethanol fuel programme was started, according to which residual sugar cane is used to produce heat and power.
 - 8 They are focused in three directions: solar and wind energy and hybrid electric vehicles.
 - 9 All cars in this country can use both ethanol and petrol.
 - 10 Sometimes biomasses are considered as an alternative to fossil fuels, but up to now the results have not been very encouraging.
- 2
- A** Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. What is your job?
B Good morning. I work in the USA.
A How long have you lived there?
B I have been living here for several years. I am originally from Greece where it is difficult to find a good job in this sector.
A What do you do exactly?
B I am working on a project linked with solar energy.
A What are the difficulties of alternative energies at the moment?
B The costs are still high compared with the production of energy.
A Are governments investing money in research?
B They are trying to do something but it is not always easy. However the problem of alternative energy is increasingly felt and is necessary to keep going ahead.
A I hope the situation gets better soon.
B Thanks I hope so too because it's really necessary.

3-4 *Open answers***19 The Queen of Records pp. 134-135**

- 1
- 1 She was the first child of Prince Albert, Duke of York, later King George VI. When her father died in 1952, she became the Queen.
 - 2 Elizabeth met Prince Philip of Greece and Denmark on several occasions, she fell in love with him and they started to exchange letters. Their marriage in 1947 caused some debate because he was not born in Britain, he was not rich and his sisters were married to German noblemen with Nazi links.
 - 3 In 1953.
 - 4 Elizabeth II is a constitutional monarch, so she is politically neutral and her role is essentially ceremonial.
 - 5 No, she does not. She does not need one.
 - 6 Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh celebrated their 60th wedding anniversary in 2007; their marriage is the longest of any British monarch. She has recently become the second longest reigning monarch of the UK (she will have to remain in office until September 9, 2015 – when she is 88 – to exceed Victoria's record 64 years). She is also the oldest monarch to sit on the English throne.
 - 7 She formally acknowledged Prince Charles as her heir.
 - 8 130 countries, but she has never visited Israel or Greece.

9 She will exceed Queen Victoria's record (64 years of reign).

10 They are horses, photography and dogs.

2 A Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. How are you?

B I am very well but a bit tired from the trips I have made recently.

A Do you like your work?

B Yes, I like meeting different people and my work gives me the chance to do it. A What are the disadvantages of being the Queen?

B My work actually offers more advantages than disadvantages. Always being at the centre of attention for journalists means that I lack privacy but after many years I am used to that.

A Are you going on any other trips soon?

B I have several different commitments in Great Britain at the moment and then I am going to Scotland in one of my residences to rest a while before other important trips that I must do this year.

A When will you do these trips?

B I will do them after the summer holidays.

3-4 *Open answers*

20 A Very Sad Phenomenon: Child Labour pp. 136-137

1 1 No, it isn't. In the past children were often used to various extents (for example in the fields and in factories).

2 Before the Industrial Revolution most of them had to work in the fields, whereas during the Industrial Revolution they worked in factories in the cities because their families were very poor.

3 They were terrible. They started work when they were young, received little money and often worked in dangerous conditions.

4 Dickens described this phenomenon in his novels. No, I have not/Yes, I have read...

5 A number of laws were created to control the working hours of children, but in most cases they were not successful.

6 Today, especially in the developed countries, there are laws that control the minimum age of workers and consequently child labour has decreased. In many countries child labour is even illegal and children under the age of 14-16 are not allowed to work.

7 Yes, it does, especially in poor countries.

8 Because in some cases families have no other source of income, so children are essential for their survival.

9 They think that boycotting items produced through child labour will only make these children look for harder or more dangerous jobs.

10 Giving them some education and helping their families with training and job opportunities.

2 A Good morning. I'm very pleased to interview you. Where do you live?

B Good morning. I live in London.

A How long have you lived in London?

B I have always lived here. I was born in this city.

A What are the conditions of child labourers?

B They are not at all good. Often the children begin to work very young, the workplace is dangerous and they do repetitive work and earn very little.

A What are the reasons that make the families send their children to work in these conditions?

B The reason is great poverty. Families have to survive and don't have a choice.

A Can you do something to help these people?

B In my books I am trying to speak about the terrible conditions of working children so that people learn about the problem. My latest book was a great success and I am just about to publish a new book which also is about the problem.

A I hope the situation gets better.

B Thanks, I hope so too because it is a really serious problem at the moment.

3-4 *Open answers***My oral exam****1 – p. 138**

- 1 In the first photograph I see a girl and a boy and a Christmas tree.
- 2 I think they are at home.
- 3 They are decorating a Christmas tree.
- 4 The girl wears a red pullover and she seems happy. The boy wears a grey pullover and a Christmas bonnet.
- 5 This festivity is called Christmas.
- 6 The second photograph shows a table with typical Thanksgiving dishes.
- 7 The second festivity is called Thanksgiving Day
- 8-10 *Open answers*

2 – p. 139

- 1-2 *Open answers*
- 3 The first shows a beautiful and quiet countryside, whereas the second shows an industrial plant.
- 4 I think this is a British countryside.
- 5 It could be one of the industrial British or American districts.
- 6-11 *Open answers*

3 – p. 140

- 1 In the first photograph I can see two persons looking at each other.
- 2 In the second I can see two persons sitting on a bench. It seems like they are quarrelling.
- 3-10 *Open answers*

4 – p. 141

- 1 In the first photograph I can see two ladies playing dominoes.
- 2 They are similar: they both wear glasses and a beige sweater. The lady on the left side wears also a neckerchief, the one on the right side wears a necklace.
- 3-5 *Open answers*
- 6 In the second photograph I can see a happy family playing on a lawn.
- 7 The woman is blond and she is smiling. The man has black hair and he wears a striped t-shirt. The little boy is blond and he wears a white t-shirt. The little girl is blond, and she wears a shirt and a pair of purple trousers.
- 8-10 *Open answers*

5 – p. 142

- 1 In the first photograph I can see a man working in an office.
- 2 In the second photograph I can see three people working in a greenhouse.
- 3-6 *Open answers*
- 7 The person in the first photograph seems serious and concentrated. He wears a shirt.
- 8 The people in the second photograph seem relaxed, they are talking and smiling.
- 9-11 *Open answers*

6 – p. 143

- 1 In the first photograph there are four people sunbathing and relaxing on a beach.

2 In the second photograph there are two people walking in the mountains.

3-10 *Open answers*

7 – p. 144

1 In the photograph I can see some girls playing volleyball.

2 In the middle there is a net. On one side of the net there is a girl wearing a black tracksuit, on the other side there are three girls wearing a white tracksuit. The ball is in the air. A girl has just smashed it.

3 It's probably a gym.

4-12 *Open answers*

8 – p. 145

1 In this photograph I can see two girls playing videogames.

2 They are sitting in two armchairs, they seem happy because they are laughing.

3 They are in a living room, there are two armchairs, a library and a small table with some food and a glass of cola on it.

4-10 *Open answers*

9 – p. 146

1 In this photograph I can see three girls wearing Halloween costumes.

2 The three girls are looking at the camera, two of them are trying to look frightful.

3-13 *Open answers*

10 – p. 147

1 In this photograph there is a young girl who is listening to music and reading. She seems happy and calm.

2-11 *Open answers*

INVALSI | Reading

1 Never without my mobile phone pp. 148-149

1 B 2 C 3 B 4 D 5 B 6 C 7 B 8 C 9 D 10 B

2 J.K. Rowling pp. 150-151

1 C 2 B 3 D 4 B 5 C 6 D 7 A 8 D 9 B 10 D

3 St. Patrick's Day pp. 152-153

1 D 2 D 3 B 4 C 5 B 6 A 7 A 8 D 9 A 10 B

4 Computers pp. 154-155

1 C 2 C 3 D 4 A 5 B 6 A 7 D 8 A 9 D 10 A

5 Charles Dickens pp. 156-157

1 B 2 C 3 D 4 A 5 B 6 D 7 C 8 C 9 D 10 B

6 Bullying pp. 158-159

1 C 2 D 3 B 4 A 5 D 6 C 7 A 8 B 9 D 10 B

INVALSI | Grammar

1 – p. 160

1 A 2 B 3 D 4 A 5 D 6 C 7 D 8 A 9 A 10 D 11 B 12 D

2 – p. 161

1 A 2 B 3 C 4 C 5 D 6 B 7 A 8 D 9 D 10 B 11 B 12 D

3 – p. 162

1 D 2 B 3 D 4 B 5 B 6 A 7 B 8 A 9 D 10 A

4 – p. 163

1 A 2 D 3 C 4 A 5 B 6 A 7 C 8 A 9 B 10 B

5 – p. 164

1 C 2 C 3 D 4 A 5 B 6 A 7 D 8 A 9 A 10 A 11 D 12 D

6 – p. 165

1 A 2 C 3 A 4 D 5 B 6 B 7 A 8 D 9 A 10 C 11 A 12 A

7 – p. 166

1 A 2 B 3 C 4 B 5 D 6 D 7 B 8 C 9 A 10 B 11 D 12 B

8 – p. 167

1 B 2 C 3 B 4 A 5 A 6 A 7 D 8 C 9 B 10 A 11 A 12 C

CAMBRIDGE ENGLISH: KEY for SCHOOLS

PAPER 1 – Reading and Writing

Part 1 p. 170

1 B 2 C 3 G 4 D 5 A

Part 2 p. 171

6 B 7 A 8 B 9 A 10 B

Part 3 pp. 172-173

11 A 12 C 13 B 14 A 15 B 16 D 17 E 18 C 19 G 20 B

Part 4 p. 174

21 A 22 A 23 C 24 A 25 B 26 A 27 B

Part 5 p. 175

28 C 29 A 30 A 31 B 32 A 33 C 34 B 35 C

Part 6 p. 176

36 comic 37 violin 38 mountain 39 disco 40 football

Part 7 p. 176

41 live 42 have 43 them 44 the 45 was 46 with 47 go 48 ago 49 a 50 lot

Part 8 p. 177

51 Saturday 52 7.30 p.m. 53 car 54 The New Youth Centre 55 7835929

Part 9 p. 177

56 *Sample answer:*

From: Paul
To: Daniel

I will come at 8 p.m. I would like to eat pizza, do you like it? I like pop music, I have it on my MP3, so don't worry about it! And I will bring some video games too.

PAPER 2 – Listening

Part 1 p. 178



47

Which is Kerry's dog?

Boy Is that your dog over there, with the white feet?
Girl No, mine is the one with the white ears.
Boy Oh, yes. It's really nice!

1 How many children went to the zoo?

Man Did you like the school trip Lisa? Did everyone in the class go?
Lisa No, 10 stayed at school so there were 15 of us. It was great.
Man What did you all see?
Lisa We saw lions and tigers and a group of 12 penguins.

2 Where is Martin's pen?

Martin	I've lost my pen. Can you see it?
Charlize	Is it under the table?
Martin	No, it isn't.
Charlize	Look, it's under your book.
Martin	Oh, yes. Thanks.
3 How much is the video game?	
Orla	Dad, will you buy me this video game?
Dad	How much is it, Orla? I don't want to spend more than thirty pounds.
Orla	Well, the ticket says its thirty-nine pounds but everything here is in the sale ten pounds off.
Dad	Oh yes, it's 29 pounds. OK. You are lucky but you can't have anything else.
4 What will the girl make?	
Girl	Can we do some cooking together?
Mum	Yes, OK. Do you want to help with the chicken soup?
Girl	No. I want to do something sweet. Can I make some biscuits?
Mum	Yes, OK, but we can have them for dinner. I made a cake for lunch.
5 What's the weather like?	
Emma	Dave it's stopped snowing. Let's go out to the shops.
Dave	I'm watching a film now. Anyway it's still cold and very cloudy.
Emma	Oh OK. Shall we go tomorrow then, if the weather is better?
Dave	Yes, all right.

1 B 2 C 3 B 4 A 5 C

Part 2 p. 179



48

Tom	Hi Nick. What are you playing?
Nick	It's a new computer game that my uncle gave me for Christmas. It's great!
Tom	What did you get from your mum?
Nick	I asked for a mobile phone but she bought me a skateboard.
Tom	What did your sister get you? Another T-shirt?
Nick	No, she gave me this cool jacket!
Tom	Nice. And did your grandfather give you a book again?
Nick	No, actually he gave me some money this year.
Tom	And what about your aunt Jane?
Nick	Well, she bought me a book. I haven't read it yet.
Tom	I bet your brother got you some music.
Nick	Yes, it's a great new CD. It was one that I wanted.

6 B 7 F 8 C 9 G 10 D

Part 3 p. 179



49

Ravi	Hello, Justin. Let's go to the cinema on Sunday with Jed. Joti and Sam are both busy.
Justin	What do you want to see?
Ravi	<i>Future Shock II</i> . It's got brilliant special effects.

Justin Oh, yes, I know. Is it on at the cinema near the market?
Ravi No, that one is not open at the moment. It's not on at the cinema opposite the station so we must go to the one in the shopping centre.
Justin How are you getting there?
Ravi It's easy. There are lots of buses from outside my house.
Justin OK. What time shall I come to your house?
Ravi Let me think. The film starts at 6.15 p.m. It takes about 20 minutes to get there. So come at twenty to six.
Justin OK. How much money should I bring? Tickets cost £5.50. Right?
Ravi No, this film is 3D and costs more. They cost £6.50 but I am taking 10 pounds so I can get a drink and something to eat too.
Justin Good idea. See you soon.

11 A 12 A 13 B 14 A 15 C

Part 4 p. 180



50

Anthony Hi Ricky, it's Anthony here.
Ricky Hi there.
Anthony I'm calling to ask about your piano lessons. My mum has bought me a keyboard and I want to learn to play properly.
Ricky Great. Well my teacher gives lessons on Mondays, in the evening.
Anthony What's the teacher's name?
Ricky He's called Kevin Shelley. He's really good.
Anthony How do you spell the surname?
Ricky It's S H E L L E Y.
Anthony Got it. How much is a lesson? I hope it's not too much.
Ricky It's £25 pounds an hour or £15 for half an hour.
Anthony Sounds OK. Does he do the lessons at his house?
Ricky Yes, he lives quite near you. 105 Main Street.
Anthony And have you got his phone number?
Ricky Yes, it's 0753 715380.
Anthony Thanks. I'll call him tonight.
Ricky Best to call between six and nine.
Anthony Fine. Thanks for the help.

16 Kevin Shelley 17 £25 pounds per hour 18 105 Main Street 19 0753 715380 20 between six

Part 5 p. 180



51

Have you got talent? Do you want to be on TV? *Stars in Their Eyes* is a new talent show for teenagers. It will be on TV on Super Channel every Thursday at 6 p.m. The presenter is Simon Shallow and the judges are journalists. Each week 15 contestants will have 3 minutes to impress the judges with their talents. There will be three categories: playing instruments, singing and dancing. At the end of the show the audience will vote for the winner. There will be some interesting prizes. The final winner will get £1,000 but weekly winners will get a notebook computer. If you want to be on *Stars in Their Eyes*, then call Super Channel on 0780 123123. You must give your name, age and talent category. Open to all teenagers under 18.

21 Thursday 22 15 contestants 23 dancing 24 the final winner wins 25 Super Channel on 0780 123123

PAPER 3 – Speaking

Part 1 p. 181

Open answers

Part 2 pp. 182-183

*Sample answers:***B** Is the swimming competition for young children?**A** It's for teenagers from 11 to 15.**B** Where does the swimming competition take place?**A** It takes place at the New Town Pool.**B** When is it?**A** It is on 15th May.**B** What can the competitors win?**A** The 1st Prize is £100 for sportswear.**B** Is there a website for more information?**A** Yes, for more information you can visit www.swimnews.com.**A** What's the name of the Club?**B** It's the Lions Basketball Club.**A** Which is its address?**B** The address is 121 St. in James Street.**A** What does the Club offers?**B** It offers great coaches and a great place for training.**A** When are there classes?**B** There are classes from 4 to 5 p.m. every Wednesday.**A** How much do the classes cost?**B** They cost £20 a month.

Trinity GESE Speaking Practice

Grade 3

Times and dates – Ordinal numbers p. 186

1  521 **A** What's the time? / What time is it?**B** It's nine o'clock.2 **B** It's (a) quarter past ten.3 **B** It's twenty-five past eleven.4 **B** It's half past twelve.5 **B** It's twenty-five to two.6 **B** It's (a) quarter to four.7 **B** It's ten to five.8 **B** It's five to eight.2 *Sample answers:*

1 I get up at 7 o'clock. / He gets up at 7.15.

2 I have breakfast at 7.30. / He has breakfast at 8 o'clock.

3 I go to school at 8 o'clock. / He goes to school at 8.10.

4 I have a break at 11 o'clock. / He has a break at 10.30.

5 I have lunch at 1.15 p.m. / He has lunch at 1 p.m.

6 I do my homework from 2 to 7 p.m. / He does his homework from 4 to 6 p.m.

Time prepositions: at, on, in pp. 186-187

- 3** **at:** 9.30 p.m., midday, the weekend
on: 4th July, Sunday, on your birthday
in: November, winter, 1999, in your favourite season

Sample answers:

- 1 The film I want to see starts at 9.30 p.m.
- 2 At midday I always have lunch.
- 3 Your aunt will visit you on your birthday.
- 4 We usually go skiing at the weekend.
- 5 On 4th July we don't go to school.
- 6 On Sundays, I usually go jogging in Central Park.
- 7 What's the weather like in your favourite season?
- 8 I was born in November.
- 9 It usually snows in winter.
- 10 In 1999, I went to England for a holiday.

- 4** 1 It's a Sunday.
2 It's the 10th.
3 I usually start Christmas shopping on 20th of December.
4 My favourite day is Christmas eve.
5 It's on Sunday, 8th.
6 Christmas Day is on 25th of December.
7 On New Year's Eve I usually go skiing with my family.
8 The day after Christmas is called 'Boxing Day'. In my country it is called *Giorno di Santo Stefano*.

- 5** *Open answers*

Describing people and pictures – Present continuous – Jobs p. 188

- 1** 1 teacher, 2 engineer, 3 waiter, 4 nurse, 5 journalist, 6 shop assistant, 7 office worker,
8 postman, 9 policeman, 10 cook

- 2** *Sample answers:*

- 1 The teacher is wearing a blue pullover.
- 2 The waiter is wearing a bow tie.
- 3 The nurse is wearing a green uniform.
- 4 The journalist is wearing a black coat.
- 5 The shop assistant is wearing a pink T-shirt.
- 6 The office worker is wearing a white shirt.
- 7 The postman is wearing a yellow hat.
- 8 The policeman is wearing a waistcoat.
- 9 The cook is wearing a white uniform.

- 3** *Sample answers:*

- 1 She is cooking.
- 2 She is wearing a white uniform and a red neckerchief.
- 3 Her hair is blonde and short.
- 4 I can see dishes, a spoon, some pans and ingredients.
- 5 They are in a clothes shop.
- 6 He is a shop assistant.
- 7 The customers are paying the shop assistant.
- 8 They are buying a shirt. They are paying for it.

9 They are smiling so they seem happy. The men are wearing shirts, the woman is wearing a pink dress.

10 Yes, maybe they are tourists because they are shopping and they seem relaxed.

4 *Sample answers:*

1 My father is a cook.

2 My mother is an office worker.

3 My favourite job is photographer.

4 Rafael Nadal is a tennis player.

5 Angelina Jolie is an actress.

6 One Direction are musicians.

Home life – Daily routines – Free-time activities pp. 189-190

1  53

742 Evergreen Terrace in Springfield is the home of the Simpson family.

The house is a light brown detached house with a garage. On the first floor there is a kitchen a sitting room and a dining room. On the second floor there are three bedrooms and a bathroom.

Homer, the father, works at the Springfield Nuclear Power Plant. He is quite fat and hasn't got much hair. He is married to Marge Simpson, who is tall with long blue hair. They have three children:

Bart, who is ten and always wears a T-shirt and shorts, and his sister Lisa, who is eight years old, is blonde and very intelligent. Finally, there is Maggie, who is a baby; she is very nice. The family has got a dog, and a cat.

1 home, 2 garage, 3 kitchen, 4 bedrooms, 5 father, 6 wife, 7 children, 8 sister

2 *Open answers*

3 1 get up, 2 have, 3 go, 4 arrive, 5 start, 6 have, 7 do, 8 have, 9 watch, 10 play

4 *Open answers*

5  54

1 play the guitar, 2 ride a bike, 3 play chess, 4 read a book, 5 play table tennis, 6 go horse riding, 7 surf the Net, 8 play video games, 9 go to the cinema, 10 listen to music

6-9 *Open answers*

Place of study pp. 191-192

1-3 *Open answers*

4 *[from left to right]*

Staff room, music room, my classroom, canteen, gym, library, computer room, science lab, toilets

5-7 *Open answers*

Places in the local area – Directions and locations p. 193

1  55

1 The bank is next to the library.

2 The hotel is between the theatre and the post office.

3 The tube station is opposite the bus station.

- 4 The restaurant is near the hospital.
- 5 The park is behind the school.
- 6 The supermarket is near the train station.
- 7 The bar is opposite the sports centre.
- 8 The school is next to the bar.

2 1 go straight on / ahead, 2 go past, 3 turn right, 4 take the second right, 5 turn left

3  56

You go out of the Tube station and opposite you can see the bus station. Turn right and cross London Road. Now go along the High Street. Pass the theatre and the hotel. The place you are going to is next to the hotel and opposite the cinema.

Post office

4  57

Sam Excuse me. Can you **tell me the way** to the school?
Liz Certainly. You go out of the Tube station and **turn right**. At the **traffic light** turn right into London Road. **Take** the first left. It is called Park Road. Are you following?
Sam Yes, I think so.
Liz OK. Now walk along **past the supermarket** and the bar and you see the school, the main entrance is **opposite** the hospital.
Sam Thanks. Very clear. How far is it?
Liz Not very far, about one mile.

5 *Sample answers:*

- 1 You go out of the Tube station and you turn right. Go past London Road and go along the High Street. The place you are going to is between the bank and the cinema.
- 2 You go out of the Tube station and turn right. Turn right again and go along London Road. Take the first left and reach the place opposite the park and next to the school.

The weather – Describing state in the past pp. 194-195

1 *Sample answers:*

- 1 In summer it is normally hot and sunny.
- 2 In autumn it is usually rainy and cloudy.
- 3 In winter it is usually snowy and cold.

2  58

Good evening. This week the weather will be very strange with a lot of changes. On Monday, it will be sunny and 17 degrees is expected. On Tuesday, it will be cloudy and 14 degrees. On Wednesday, it will rain. The temperature will be 12 degrees. On Thursday, it will be windy and 10 degrees. On Friday, it will be stormy and 8 degrees. On Saturday, it will be foggy and the weather will be much colder, only 5 degrees. A surprise, on Sunday, it will be snowing and yes, minus two degrees – what a weird week!

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
sunny	cloudy	rainy	windy	stormy	foggy	snowing
17°	14°	12°	10°	8°	5°	-2°

3 Paris – cloudy and cool
 Rome – sunny and hot

Madrid – rainy and warm
 Berlin – foggy and cloudy
 Stockholm – windy and cold

- A** What was the weather like in Paris yesterday?
B It was cloudy and cool. And in Rome what was the weather like?
A It was sunny and hot.
B Was it warm in Madrid?
A Yes, it was. But it was rainy.
B In Berlin it was foggy and cloudy. What was the weather like in Stockholm?
A In Stockholm it was windy and cold.

4  59

And now the weather today in the UK.

London will be sunny and quite warm like most of the south-east. Cardiff and the west will be cloudy all day. In Edinburgh there will be heavy snow and snow in the north of Scotland. Belfast and the north of Ireland will be rainy and the area around Dublin will be very windy and quite cold.

- 5 *Sample answer:*
 Today it will be sunny and quite cool. In the afternoon, it will be windy and cloudy, and cold: 4 degrees. During the evening, it will be snowy with -2 degrees!
- 6
 1 My friends were at the cinema. It was rainy.
 2 My parents were at the restaurant. It was snowy.
 3 My teacher was at school. It was windy.
 4 Linda was at the beach. The weather was hot and sunny.
 5 Ricky was at home. It was foggy.
- 7
 1 No, I wasn't. I was at home.
 2 Yes, I was at the sport centre.
 3 Yes, she was in the kitchen.
 4 No, he was on holiday.
 5 No, they were in the mountains.
 6 Yes, she was in the living room.
- 8 *Open answers*

can / can't – Express ability and inability p. 196

1  60

Mark Hey Joey **can** you sing?

Joey No, I can't sing **very well** but I can play the guitar **quite well**. Can you sing?

Mark No, I can't, **not at all**. I **can** only play the piano. I need a singer for our band.

Joey My sister can sing **very well**. I'll call her.

Mark Thanks, do you want to play with us too?

Joey Great. I really want to play with a band!

- 2 1 c, 2 d, 3 b, 4 e, 5 a

- 3 *Sample answers:*
A Can you run fast?
B Yes, I can do it well.
A Can you use all the functions of your mobile phone?
B Yes, I can do it very well.

- A Can you play an instrument?
 B Yes, I can play an instrument well.
 A Can you dance hip hop?
 B No, I can't dance hip hop at all.
 A Can you cook?
 B No, I can't cook quite well.
 A Can you download music and use antivirus software?
 B Yes, I can do it well.
 A Can you act in a school play?
 B No, I can't do it at all.
 A Can you ride a horse?
 B Yes, I can ride a horse very well.

4 Open answers

Prepositions of movement p. 197

- 1 1 across, 2 along, 3 down, 4 to, 5 from, 6 over

2 Sample answers:

- 1 A The walker is going from one side to the other of the bridge.
 B The walker is near the street.
 2 A There is a shop behind the couple.
 B Near the couple there is another man walking.
 3 A Near the stairs there is a table.
 B The girl is coming down from the second floor.
 4 A The boy is in front of the school.
 B The boy is near the door of the school.
 5 A The aircraft is going down.
 B There is a landing field under the aircraft.
 6 A There's a path between two trees.
 B The path runs through the park.

3 61

Look at the treasure map. Go **from** the ship **to** Pirate's Beach. Go **up** the hill and **across** the river on the bridge. Go **along** the road and then, when you see the cabin, look **down** the well. The treasure is there at the bottom!

4 Sample answer:

On the treasure island there are a lot of trees and flowers. There is a river flowing from the hill down to the beach. It goes under the bridge. On the left there is a cabin and a road goes from the cabin to the bridge.

Grade 4

Holidays – Comparisons – Past events p. 199

- 1 **Types of holiday:** beach holiday, holiday in the mountains, camping holiday, cruise
Accommodation: youth hostel, tent, hotel, bed and breakfast
Transport: plane, train, ferry, car
Equipment: sunglasses, mask and snorkel, suncream, torch
- 2 *Sample answers:*
 A My favorite type of holiday is the camping holiday. It's really interesting.

B I don't like camping holiday, it's uncomfortable. I prefer a cruise, it is more comfortable.

A I don't like cruises, I think they are boring and too expensive.

B I also love beach holidays.

A Me too, but I prefer a mountain holiday. It's less comfortable, but more relaxing.

B I don't like beach holidays, I think they're stressful.

A Yes, mountain holidays are more relaxing, and camping is good.

B Yes, but I think it is dangerous. I prefer hotels and youth hostels.

A I don't like hotels because they are too expensive. And the plane is expensive too, so I always go on holiday by car or camper van.

3 *Open answers*

4 1 visit, 2 eat, 3 go, 4 take, 5 buy, 6 go

5  62

My best holiday was last year. We went to the USA. I have an aunt and uncle in Washington D.C. and we stayed with them for two weeks and after that we went to Miami for a week.

My aunt showed us lots of wonderful places. We visited the Jefferson Memorial, the Lincoln Memorial, the Smithsonian Museum, the Whitehouse and the Capitol building. I liked the Smithsonian Museum best.

One day we also visited New York on the train which was really interesting. We went on a bus tour and we also did a lot of shopping there. New York is exciting in the evening, there are so many lights.

In Miami, the weather was really beautiful and the food was delicious. I went to the beach and I took hundreds of photographs!

1 USA, 2 in Washington D.C., 3 Museum, 4 New York, 5 really beautiful, 6 took

6 *Open answers*

Shopping – going to future pp. 200-201

1 1 bakery / baker's, 2 bookshop, 3 butcher's, 4 chemist's, 5 supermarket, 6 clothes shop
7 electronics and phone shop, 8 newsagent's, 9 florist's, 10 greengrocer's

2  63

Assistant Good afternoon. Can I **help** you?

Customer Good afternoon. I would like to buy a red T-shirt.

Assistant What **size** do you want?

Customer I want a medium, please.

Assistant **Here you are.** Do you like it?

Customer Yes, I do. **How much** is it?

Assistant It's normally twelve pounds but there is a **discount** of £2.

Customer Good, only ten pounds! I'll take it.

Assistant How would you like to pay?

Customer I'll **pay in cash.**

Assistant Here is your **change.** Thank you. Please, come again.

Customer **Thank you.** Goodbye.

3 *Sample answers:*

A Good morning. Can I help you?

B Good morning. I would like to buy a mobile phone.

A What kind of mobile phone do you want?

B I want a touch-screen mobile phone.

A This is the latest model, it has a lot of functions.

B Does it take photos?

A Yes of course, it has two cameras.

B Perfect. How much does it cost?

A It costs £200.

B That's fine. I'll pay by credit card.

A Here is your mobile phone. Thank you!

B Thank you, goodbye.

4 *Sample answers:*

A I would like to buy a T-shirt for my birthday.

B Which one do you like?

A I like the Dolce Red, but it is the most expensive, £25!

B Yes, but the colour is really nice. What about this?

A The Cardon? It is the cheapest, only £15, but I don't like green T-shirts.

B The Arman is nice too, and it costs £20.

A Yes I like it, but I think the Dolce Red is the best one for me, it's perfect with my blue jeans!

5-7 *Open answers*

Food – likes and dislikes pp. 202-203

1 1 ham, 2 fish and chips, 3 ice cream, 4 pizza, 5 pasta, 6 hamburger, 7 cheese, 8 salad, 9 apples, 10 pears, 11 strawberries, 12 tea, 13 coffee, 14 milk, 15 water, 16 fruit juice, 17 rice, 18 biscuits, 19 chocolate cake, 20 roast beef

2 1 likes, 2 cooking, 3 to drink, 4 to try, 5 to have, 6 making

3  **64**

Jude Hey, Nicole. What's your favourite food?

Nicole I love pizza.

Jude So, do I. I like Capricciosa.

Nicole I don't, because I hate olives.

Jude How often to you eat pizza?

Nicole Normally twice a week. At school Wednesday lunchtime and often on Saturday evening at the pizza restaurant opposite my house with my friends.

Jude Lucky you. We never have pizza at school.

Nicole I also love chicken and chips.

Jude So do I. My grandmother makes it for us every Friday for dinner. It's my favourite meal.

1 Nicole's favourite food is pizza.

2 She doesn't like pizza Capricciosa because she hates olives.

3 She normally hates pizza twice a week.

4 No, Jude doesn't have pizza at school.

5 Jude's favourite meal is chicken and chips.

6 His grandmother cooks it for him.

4 *Sample answers:*


1 pizza, ham, 2 fruit, pears, 3 coffee, milk, 4 apple, biscuits, 5 pasta, rice, 6 roast beef

5-6 *Open answers*


Hobbies and sports – Adverbs of frequency p. 204

- 1 Always, usually, often, sometimes, rarely, never
- 2 **1 read:** books, magazines, an email, text messages, a blog, a webpage
2 go: to the cinema, to the seaside, to the theatre
3 play: monopoly, football, video games, table tennis, tennis, rugby, baseball, volleyball, basketball
4 write: text messages, books, an email, a blog, a webpage
5 watch: TV, a film, a DVD, a match
6 do: a match, karate, swimming, windsurfing, gymnastics
- 3 *Sample answers:*
A How often do you go to the seaside?
B I never go to the seaside.
A Do you go to the theatre in the evening?
B I sometimes go to the theatre on Saturday evening.
A Do you usually play tennis?
B I play tennis twice a week.
A Do you always watch TV at night?
B Yes, I usually do it.
A Do you go swimming in the morning?
B Yes, I go swimming at least once a day.

Sara's favourite sport is swimming. She goes swimming at least once a day! She also plays tennis twice a week, she is really sporty! She never goes to the seaside, but sometimes she goes to the theatre on Saturday evening. Her favourite hobby is watching TV because she watches it every night.

- 4  **65**
 1 football, 2 tennis, 3 basketball, 4 swimming
- 5 *Sample answer:*
 You play this sport indoor, there are 5 players in each team. You need a ball and a basket. A match normally lasts 50 minutes. A famous athlete in this sport is Michael Jordan.

School – Work – Talking about how you do things p. 205

- 1  **66**
- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| Examiner | What type of school do you go to? |
| Student | I go to a middle school. |
| Examiner | What year are you in? |
| Student | I'm in the second year. |
| Examiner | What are your favourite subjects? |
| Student | My favourite subjects are Maths, Italian, Spanish and English of course! |
| Examiner | What subjects are you going to study at your next school? |
| Student | I think I'll study foreign languages. |

- 2 *Open answers*
- 3 1 teacher, 2 computer programmer, 3 tour guide, 4 journalist, 5 nurse, 6 farmer
- 4 *Sample answers:*
 1 I like helping people to learn. I'm going to become a teacher.
 2 I like working with computers. I'm going to be a computer programmer.
 3 I like the monuments of my city. I'm going to be a tour guide.

- 4 I like going around the world. I'm going to be a journalist.
 5 I like taking care of people. I'm going to be a nurse.
 6 I like animals and nature. I'm going to be a farmer.

- 5 1 He loves school and explaining things. He's going to be a teacher.
 2 She loves being on stage. She's going to be an actress.
 3 They like writing articles; they're going to be journalists.
 4 Tom is studying medicine, he's going to be a doctor.
 5 We love building things, we're going to be bricklayers.

- 6 1 well, 2 badly, 3 happily, 4 quickly, 5 slowly, 6 sadly

Talking about a topic pp. 206-207

1  67

Last year, I went on a school trip with all my **class**. We visited the city of Syracuse. It was a really good day out. We **left** school by bus at eight o'clock. This photo is of us on the bus – we are eating our lunch and it is only half past eight. We arrived in Syracuse at about nine and **got** off the bus. It was a lovely day.

First we **visited** the famous archeological zone. We had a great guide who **explained** everything in a very interesting and funny way. I still remember the details. He showed us the wonderful Greek theatre and we **took** lots of photos.

Then we went down to visit the Paradise Quarries and the Ear of Dionysis. **Inside** the cave it was dark and sounds were amplified. We all sang 'We are the champions'! Then we visited the Roman amphitheatre. We also bought some **souvenirs** and postcards.

Then we walked together to the 'Madonna delle Lacrime' sanctuary and opposite visited the Paolo Orsi museum which was interesting. We had a **packed** lunch on the island of Ortygia and in the afternoon visited the **cathedral** and some temples. I hope to go on a boat trip next time!

2 *Open answer*

3 *Sample answers:*

- 1 My favourite part was going on a camel on the beach, at the beginning I was scared because the camel is really tall, but it was funny.
 2 I travelled with all my classmates.
 3 Yes, I was really tired because we did a lot of things and visited a lot of places around Morocco.
 4 Yes I would like to visit Morocco again because it is a magic place.
 5 This photograph was taken by my best friend, I had just climbed a mountain, I was really exhausted, it was really hot. At the top there was a waterfall, as you can see!
 6 I didn't spend a lot, I only bought some souvenirs for my family.

4 *Open answer*